THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1870. [VOLUME III—NUMBER 82

Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., September 21, 1870.

☞ For Correct Market Reports, see Fourth Page.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The head notes of the Decisions of the Supreme Court, for the last term, are now ready, in pamphlet form, at this office. Price, one dollar.

A Call for a Meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee.

The members of the State Democratic Executive Committee are requested to meet in Macon, on Tuesday, the 27th instant, to elect their chairman.

A. H. COLQUITT,
President State Democratic Convention.

☞ The Butts county Democracy send B. F. Ward and H. B. Fletcher as delegates to the Congressional Convention at Forsyth, and adopted this resolution:

Resolved, That this meeting endorse the action of the Democratic Convention at Atlanta; also, approve the recommendation of the Democrats and Conservatives of Congress.

☞ The Jones county Democracy adopted the following resolution on the eligibility of Congressional candidates:

Therefore resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting, that the Convention to meet in Forsyth to nominate a candidate for the Congressional District, ought not to nominate any man who would be unable to take his seat on account of the fourteenth amendment, or on account of the test oath, and that we request our delegates to exert their influence to carry out this view.

The Way Women Vote.

The election in Wyoming, where the petticoats are allowed to vote, showed some interesting features. The Republican candidate for delegate to Congress was elected, thus changing a large Democratic majority by means of the chignons.

The ladies generally voted, going to the polls in carriages, and without their babies. Both sides had runners out from morning until night, gathering in the new voters. A good many put in the Democratic ticket. One or two ladies were defeated for office by men who ungallantly took advantage of their victories.

It is not stated how the wives voted, whether with their husbands or not.

☞ At a meeting of the Democracy of Bibb county, held in Macon Saturday last, to appoint delegates to the Congressional District Convention for the fourth district, to meet at Forsyth to-morrow, to nominate a candidate for Congress, adopted the following resolution as the sense of the meeting on the eligibility question:

1st. That we endorse heartily the recent recommendation of the Democratic Executive Committee of the State, and that we urge upon the approaching district conventions the propriety of nominating as a candidate for Congress one who labors under neither constitutional nor statutory disability; and that we deprecate the contrary policy which can only result in unprofitable agitation, and will again leave us without representation in Congress.

Stand at Your Posts!

We most earnestly urge upon the Democrats in the Legislature to allow nothing short of the most urgent and imperative necessity to keep them from their seats for the rest of the session. The eyes of the people are upon them, and their burning, withering censure will blister for all time to come all who either neglect or are recreant of duty. There are occasions when men are forced to be absent and, of course, there can be no blame attached under those circumstances. But the necessity must be clearly imperative and indisputably proven.

Let the Democrats and Conservative Republicans remain at their posts and stamp it out. They have the power, and the will must not be lacking. *Get as few leaves of absence as possible from now until adjournment, is our earnest appeal to the Democrats of the House especially.—Macon Telegraph.*

The Norcross Circular.

Editors Constitution: Allow an old citizen of Atlanta space in your columns to give a passing notice to Mr. Norcross' Quixotic circular in reference to the Mitchell claim. It is certainly the most farcical document of the kind I ever read. The writer builds castles and topples them over with much greater gusto than ever did the celebrated "Knight de La Mancha." His joke about the old hag, the youth, and the hot poker, is rich, and the most obtuse will not fail to see the point—in a pig's eye!

But, in all seriousness, is it not the essence of weakness in Mr. Norcross to attach his own title? He bought direct from Mr. Mitchell. Gave the sum of $250, or about, as I have been informed, for his corner lot; and afterwards when the city wished to widen Whitehall street, in order to give a better passage for our Cherokee friends and their wagons to the south-side of the railroad, he demanded of the City Council and received about $4,000 in gold for a few feet of land to widen the street, which actually benefitted his property. Here is public spirit and liberality—over the left!

But real estate owners on original land lot No. 77, need not be frightened by Mr. Norcross' bombast. Their titles, so far as Mr. Mitchell's claim is concerned, are perfect. The facts are these: Mr. Mitchell purchased the property before even the terminus, or a railroad in these parts was thought of. He sent his deed to Daniel Stone, then Clerk of the Superior Court at Decatur, for record. Before he took the deed away the Court House was burnt, as every old citizen of Decatur knows, and both the record and Mr. Mitchell's original deed were destroyed by fire. After Atlanta began to spring up, Allen E. Johnson, a good, but money making citizen of Atlanta, found out that no deed was of record, and took out letters of administration on the estate of Beckman as much to test and have his own titles perfected as anything else. If Beckman had had any title that he had not disposed of, no "fearful warnings" that Mr. Norcross, or any one else, could have given Allen E. Johnson, would have made him swerve one hair's breadth from his oath of office as administrator. Mr. Mitchell sent even to Mississippi after one or more witnesses, established his burnt deed according to law, and Mr. Johnson, like an honest man as he was, dropped his suit.

In substantiation of what I have above written, I refer to the records in Decatur, and to Mr. John Neal, who perhaps knew Samuel Mitchell better than any man now living. It is decidedly in bad taste for Mr. Norcross and his confederates to try to throw foul aspersions upon the memories of two public-spirited men now dead. He is not the only man that knows something of the history of Atlanta, both early and during the war. Mr. Norcross and his crowd commenced the business of getting up public meetings and petitions. They were foiled and whipped out by the citizens of Atlanta at both. They are now trying a different game, and they will find that their fulminations, like their petitions and public meetings, will have no more effect upon Council than spitting against the wind. Let the city fathers do what is right as a business matter. These meetings and petitions were out of place at the start, and compel men know who originated them.

VERITAS.

Geology of Georgia.

Editors Constitution: Many subjects have occupied the minds and provoked the debates of our State Legislature during the present session. We shall endeavor to recall one of the many—which, to our mind, (aside from politics, of which the writer can truly say that he knows nothing) involved more in the future destinies of this old Commonwealth than anything there introduced. We refer to the recommendation made in the wisdom of the State Agricultural Society, recently convened in this city to appoint a State geologist of the first ability, whose duty it shall be to make a survey and prepare a complete geological and topographical map of the State. It is a fact worthy of profound thought and deep investigation that not one of the great nations of Europe, which to-day dictate terms of peace or war to the world, have ever become permanent or powerful before making a decided move in the interests of mechanics, arts, manufactures and mines. Wherever their rulers or legislators have failed to take the initiative, her capitalists and men of enterprise have led the way.

The Empire of Russia, one of the mightiest on the globe, is a powerful demonstration of this truth. In her history both rulers and citizens have combined to make her one of the greatest mining and manufacturing centres in the world. So with England, Belgium, Prussia, France, Holland—and last, but not least, the Northern States of America.

Do not understand me, Mr. Editor, as underrating the importance of Agricultural pursuits. On the contrary, I dare affirm that while no nation can become powerful, rich and great which neglects mining and manufacturing, no nation can remain so without a vigorous prosecution of Agriculture. One is essential to the other, just as truly as light is to heat in the successful growth of a nursery or forest tree. For it is a clear proposition that the manufacturer's skill and inventive power will profit him nothing while the consumer at hand to receive benefit from his labors. Neither can the miner seek out the hidden wealth of old mother earth without food and raiment to sustain his toils. The question then arises to us as Georgians, what should be done to establish our claims as leader of all the Southern States in building up and "digging out" the vast deposit of wealth which the God of nature has placed within our borders.

Do we know, and does the world know, that Georgia may readily become a second Pennsylvania in the United States? Most likely not. Then we argue that no time should be lost in convincing first ourselves, next all other kindred tribes and nations of this brilliant truth. A few men in Georgia have spent years of toilsome, superhuman labor, to illustrate the astounding fact that Georgia, our own State, contains within her limits, in every essential, mineral deposit, far more mineral wealth than Pennsylvania ever presumed to hope for. Their fortune, their all, has been poured out to establish it. The work is but begun as yet. Like all pioneers in great enterprises that make a State, they may not live to reach the rich harvest which, with almost prophetic foresight Providence has called them to plant. A part of the few have already passed away to a world where, as we believe, they become fitted for still nobler destinies.

But to return: If in stone coal alone Pennsylvania deposits be thought to exceed those of Georgia, these men have gone far enough to demonstrate that in Walker, Dade, Chattooga and Whitfield counties there are supplies more than adequate to the demand for the next 500 years. If to these be added the absolutely limitless coal fields of North Alabama, all of which are now of easy access by rail, and immediately adjacent, and those of East Tennessee, to say nothing of untried mines, we may safely calculate upon supplies that will not be exhausted for thousands of years in the future. Again we ask what should be done? and the writer truly believing the importance of his theme overreaches anything pertaining to party politics, would plead that our State Legislature place one unfading laurel in their garland of civil enactment by taking serious hold of the recommendation above mentioned, and search out a man for the highly responsible position of State Geologist. Let his office be for life, or good behavior, provided he be found competent to the trust. Let his talent be of the highest order in the profession. If not to be found in Georgia, let him be imported from France, Belgium or Russia, wherever the needed ability can be secured.

He should be one who has combined solid, practical experience with theoretical science, in all the branches pertaining to geology, mineralogy, and the allaying or determining every description of ore and mineral; one who can make a complete geological map of the State with authority, if necessary, to select an assistant, so that the two combined may furnish Georgia, the National Government and foreign capitalists with undoubted testimony concerning the untold treasures that lie buried beneath Georgia lands. The recommendation before noticed was hailed by many as the dawn of a new era to our people. Has it been entirely forgotten or tabled? To our mind an enlightened action on this subject is one of the most important measures before the General Assembly. Twenty years ago had steps been taken to awaken the intelligence and wealth of Europe to our mining and manufacturing resources, Georgia would, to-day, in very truth, be an Empire State. At a moderate calculation we are one hundred years behind European progress in arts, manufactures and mines. Shall we wait the lapse of another one hundred years to awake, finally from a Rip Van Winkle slumber, to find strangers and aliens in possession of a heritage which God and nature intended for Georgians? No price is too dear, sir, to be paid for knowledge which, within a few years, will yield millions of revenue to the state.

Mr. Editor, the writer is not a candidate for any office.

Respectfully, M. E. COOPER.
Atlanta, September 20, 1870.

Georgia News.

Professor M. V. Calvin has determined to remain in Augusta.

Fifteen hundred tax-payers in Augusta protest against the bill extending the city limits.

The Town Council of Athens has passed an ordinance against bill posting on walls and fences.

Democratic meetings in Hart and Banks counties declare in favor of Colonel F. W. Adams, of Clarke, for Congress.

Hon. Judge Stocks, of Greene county, has raised lemons in his garden of a large size and fine quality.

Thirty-six weavers and operatives for the Eagle and Phœnix Factory, of Columbus, arrived in Savannah on Thursday.

Mr. Thomas Barron, of Talbot county, has a small field of cotton on which he used 100 pounds of Wilcox & Gibbs' guano, that promises a yield of two bales per acre.

The Talbotton Standard learns that Mr. King, President of the Georgia Railroad, offers to take the contract to build the Newnan and Americus Railroad.

Dr. E. F. Tutt, of Rome, has sold his stock of drugs to Messrs. Howard & McCoy, of Atlanta. These gentlemen are now having them packed, preparatory to shipping them to this place.

The State University is erecting a telegraph line from the campus to the University High School, and students in telegraphy will have all the facilities for obtaining a thorough practical knowledge of the art.

The Macon and Augusta Railroad will probably be delayed in completion until November, on account of considerable bridging which must be done. Five miles of the iron railing is yet to arrive, the steamer having it on board having sailed from Europe several days ago, and has not yet arrived at Savannah.

Mr. William Koon and a friend of his, of Albany, New York, is in Hancock county for the purpose of purchasing or renting land and settling permanently there. Mr. Koon was in the county some twenty-five years ago, and formed the acquaintance of many of its citizens. He says a number of people of his acquaintance would come to the county if they knew our people and the excellent country as he does.

Some of the B. K. K.—negroes in disguise—on the night of the 10th instant, while in ambush on the road side, six miles from Sparta, shot at a Mr. Logue and killed his horse. They then proceeded to the residence of Mr. Robert Dudley, and not finding him at home, pulled up and destroyed an acre of cotton and burned the gin house. After this, they proceeded to Mr. I. E. Johnson's, and not finding him, they commenced a general plundering of the premises, killing a horse, mortally wounding a mule, and mortally scaring some other quadrupeds. After these valiant exploits, they retired in good order to their respective homes. Mr. Johnson, being of course enranged at such a procedure, began to investigate with reference to discovering the perpetrators of this outrage. The military arrested Mr. Johnson, and on the 12th, the B. K. K. made a demonstration around the house in which he was confined. One of the negroes who shot Mr. Logue's horse has been arrested, examined before magistrate J. Clarence Simmons, and committed for trial at the October Court. He refuses to turn State's evidence for fear of being killed by his accomplices.

The Air-Line Eagle says that the work on the Air-Line Road is progressing rapidly, and will be graded ready for the road-bed, or superstructure, by the 1st of December, and soon thereafter the road will be completed. The culverts are in advance of the grading, and if the weather is not too inclement the completion of the road to Gainesville may be expected at an early day next winter. The corps of Engineers in Georgia are 19 miles northeast of Gainesville locating the line which runs south of the Currahee Mountain a few miles, and will be completed by the 1st of November to the Savannah river, where they will meet the South Carolina corps, who are locating from the eastern terminus at Charlotte, North Carolina.

The Democrats of Hart county in convention assembled, unanimously adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the people of Hart county, without regard to color or past political difference, condemn the course of the present State government in the extravagant expenditure of the people's money for their own and political ends.

2. That we condemn the course of the Senator from this district who voted himself nine dollars a day, and is not content with the term for which he was elected, but voted himself another term without consulting his constituents.

3. That we entirely disapprove of the course of our so-called representative, Jim Allen, in his entire course as a member of the Legislature, and elsewhere, and approve of the chastisement he recently received at the hands of a citizen of Atlanta, and hope he may meet with the same reception should he insult any respectable citizen of the State of Georgia, and that his nine dollars a day and prolongation cease to protect him.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, September 21, 1870.

Senate called to order by President Conley.

Prayer by Wesley Prettyman.

Mr. Brock asked leave to change his vote on the election bill from "no" to "yes," which was granted.

Mr. Hinton moved to reconsider the action on the McCay-Akerman election bill.

Mr. Hinton with a bold and masterly hand exposed the fraud, villainy and corruption of the bill and the damning disgrace which would attach to the names of those native Georgians who voted to sustain such an iniquitous measure.

On motion of Mr. Candler his time was extended half an hour.

Aaron Alpeoria Bradley had read several sections of the "Enforcement act" against intimidation, and preventing voters from voting, and advocated the bill. He contended that the bill was more mild than the enforcement act. This election bill, he was assured, was prepared by Attorney General Akerman.

Campbell, (colored) supported the bill and opposed reconsideration. He thought it old foggish to think what was sufficient in 1787 was sufficient this year, 1869(?)

Mr. Harris read a letter from Attorney General Akerman approving the bill and recommending its passage.

Mr. Higbee advocated the bill because it provided for a fair election.

Mr. Higbee, however, favored the reconsideration in order to be assured by bringing on the next election in November, 1872.

Mr. Speer favored the bill *in toto*. He replied in antwer to a question propounded by Mr. Candler, that the intention of the bill was to bring on an election.

Mr. Speer called the previous question.

Mr. Candler asked him if there was any understanding between him and the chair.

Mr. Speer said that there was not.

The President in an excited manner denied the imputation.

Mr. Speer moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table. Lost by yeas 13—nays 16.

Mr. Candler, in a strong and forcible manner, exposed the deception and fraud concealed in the bill. He pointed out that its meaning was "no election," but "prolongation." Governor Bullock was charged with saying in caucus that no election should be held in Georgia this fall, and this bill is the means to carry out that declaration. A fair election is impossible under its provisions. The Governor, with a partisan Senate, all interested in the prolongation of their terms of office, appoint the managers in each county. The bill provides for holding an election this year, but does not for any subsequent election. It opens the flood gates to illegal voting, without providing any punishment for such violation of the constitution.

Mr. Hungerford favored the bill and opposed reconsideration.

Mr. Burns said he favored a "free fight" in every avenue of life. In his District he feared nothing from the election bill, if the Governor would appoint negroes as managers instead of scalawags. The Governor would pardon any one however deeply imbued in blood. He had pardoned one man who had murdered in cold blood a score of victims.

Mr. Speer asked him if he did not tell General Phillips that if this bill passed he would be a ku-klux.

Mr. Burns replied that he had said so; he still said so; he was not secret but open and above board.

Speer—There is a power in this land to restrain such as you.

Mr. Burns—I am not opposed to the United States Government, but to such as you, who have betrayed your race and country.

Mr. Burns contended that the bill was objectionable because it vested the power of appointing the managers in the Governor, and prevented parties from being challenged. He also contended that the power conferred upon the managers, to change election precincts, was unconstitutional. He wanted the bill reconsidered in order that he might offer amendments on those points.

Mr. Wellborn rose and addressed the Chair.

Mr. Speer rose, and the President recognized him.

Mr. Wellborn said that this bill disfranchises about 25,000 voters. Another point was, that the managers were to be partizans.

Mr. Nunnally said the bill was not as fair as the enforcement act of Congress. If the Republicans wanted only legal voters to vote they would reconsider and amend. He thought the bill should not authorize the managers to arrest parties without due warrant of law.

The vote was then taken upon the motion to reconsider with the following result:

Yeas: Bruton, Burns, Candler, Hicks, Hinton, Holcombe, Jordan, Matthews, McArthur, Nunnally, Smith, (7th), Traywick, Wellborn—15.

Nays: Bowers, Bradley, Campbell, Colman, Crayton, Dickey, Dunning, Griffin, (6th) Griffin, (21st) Harris, Henderson, Hungerford, Jones, Merrill, Sherman, Speer, Wallace, Welch—18.

Absent or not voting—Republicans: Brock, Corbitt, McWhorter, Higbee, Richardson, Smith, (36th) Stringer; Democrats: Fain, Nesbitt and Wooten.

Mr. Henry did not vote, having paired off.

Mr. Candler moved to concur in the House amendment to the bill to incorporate the Savannah, Skidaway and Seaboard Railroad, but owing to some informality no action was taken.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, September 21, 1870.

House met at the appointed hour.

Speaker McWhorter in the chair.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Cramley.

The journal of yesterday was read.

Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, moved to reconsider so much of yesterday's proceedings as relates to the indefinite postponement of a bill to incorporate the Atlanta and Savannah Air-Line Railroad Company.

Mr. O'Neal said that the bill which incorporates a road parallel with this route to Savannah was introduced, not for the purpose of building the road, but for the purpose of defeating this Air-Line route.

Mr. Shumate opposed the motion to reconsider, and yielded the floor to Mr. Lee, who said that the question is, whether this House, having granted State aid to one road, will incorporate another running not more than five miles from it, and grant State aid to it also. And, that the object of the friends of the Atlanta and Savannah Air-Line Railroad is to defeat the one proposed to be run from Covington towards Savannah.

Mr. Holcombe remarked that he did not agree with Mr. O'Neal, and if the Road from Covington to Tennille, on the Central Railroad, was gotten up to defeat the other, it was more than he knew or believed.

Mr. Holcombe called the previous question, which call was sustained, and the motion to reconsider was lost.

Mr. Shumate moved to reconsider the indefinite postponement of a bill to loan the credit of the State to the Trion Factory Railroad, and he remarked that he had unintentionally misrepresented the position of other roads.

Mr. Darnell hoped that the motion would prevail, for this road will benefit his section, which has hitherto been neglected. He called the previous question, and the motion to reconsider prevailed.

Mr. Scott moved to reconsider the passage of a bill to amend the charter of Macon, and to divide the city into wards, etc.

Mr. Scott remarked that Macon is one of the most intelligent communities in the State, and her citizens are almost unanimously opposed to this measure; that he has a petition signed by over fifteen hundred out of about eighteen hundred voters, asking that this measure shall be reconsidered; that there is a bill, which has passed the Senate, which will give an election in December.

Mr. Fitzpatrick opposed the motion, and stated that he believed that the people of Macon favored the bill. He called the previous question on the motion to reconsider.

The yeas and nays, were called with the following result: Yeas 45, nays 60.

The bill to loan the credit of the State to the Trion Factory Railroad Company, was passed.

The bill to amend the charter of the Savannah, Skidaway and Seaboard Railroad Company was read a third time.

On motion of Mr. Osgood the third, fourth and sixth sections were stricken out and the bill was passed.

The bill to change the line between the counties of Stewart and Webster was passed.

On motion of Mr. Hall, of Meriwether, the tax bill was made the special order for to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Zellars, all new county bills were made the special order for Monday next.

The Senate amendment to the bill to incorporate the Atlanta and Blue Ridge Railroad was concurred in.

The Senate amendments to the bill to incorporate the Chattahoochee and Air-Line Railroad were concurred in.

The bill to authorize the Ordinary of Houston county to subscribe for stock in the Fort Valley and Hawkinsville Railroad, was read the third time and passed.

The bill to allow the county of Stewart to subscribe for stock in the Cuthbert, Bainbridge and Columbus Railroad was read a third time and passed.

The bill to protect the credit of the State in reference to the guaranty of railroad bonds was read the third time and passed.

The bill to amend an act to authorize the county of Habersham to aid in the construction of the Northeastern Railroad was read a third time and passed.

A bill to allow certain parties therein named the right to dig and mine in certain navigable streams of this State for phosphate rocks, etc., was read the third time.

Mr. McCormick moved to indefinitely postpone the same.

Mr. McWhorter explained the purport of the bill, and said that the company is organized to investigate whether or not there are any deposits in the State.

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, moved to amend by requiring a per cent. of the gross profits to be paid to the State, and to confine the operations of the Company to the Atlantic coast. This amendment was adopted.

Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, moved to amend by reserving the right to grant like privilege to other parties.

Simms moved to lay Mr. O'Neal's amendment on the table. Lost.

Mr. Bethune offered an amendment providing that new companies shall not operate within 20 miles of this company.

Mr. Scott said that there is no man on the floor more in favor of developing resources than he, but that granting exclusive privileges to a few persons sometimes works public harm. The corporators probably know where the rock is; and now it is proposed to allow them privileges which are not to be interfered with. Let the company be chartered, and let it negotiate with private owners for this rock.

Mr. Scott called the previous question on the passage of the bill as amended, which call was sustained.

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, was in favor of the bill, which he said would tend to develop the resources of this State, and that private property cannot be interfered with under the constitution.

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, called the previous question on the passage of the bill, which call was sustained.

On the main question the yeas and nays were demanded with the following result: yeas 76, nays 34.

Mr. Scott called if the bill did not grant a gratuity and required a two-thirds vote.

The Speaker said that the bill was passed.

The bill to authorize the sale of certain bonds, etc., was lost.

The bill to relieve certain property from tax, S. &c. was read the third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Darnell the rules were suspended to take up a resolution providing for the purchase of a pamphlet of the laws, passed at this session, by Mr. Flesh at 50 cents per copy.

Mr. Barnum moved to amend the resolution by inserting 25 instead of 50 cents, and Z. D. Harrison instead of A. Flesh.

Mr. Darnell called the previous question on the passage of the original question; this call was sustained.

On the main question the yeas and nays were called for with the following result: yeas 63—nays 50.

On motion of Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, the bill to extend the lien of set off and recoupment as against debts contracted prior to June 1st, 1865, etc., was taken up and read a third time.

A substitute, proposed by the Judiciary Committee, was also read.

Mr. Bethune remarked that this was an important measure, and should not be considered hastily. He favored setting down the bill for Wednesday next.

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, said that he was always in favor of relief, but that he was only in favor of relief against such debts as were incurred by the inevitable consequences of war, and he is in favor of making other people go by the same schedule of relief that thousands of persons have already acted under. This substitute furnishes such a remedy and obviates the objection of unconstitutionality.

Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, remarked that he has always been in favor of relief, and will support this substitute if slightly amended; that this substitute is only intended to cure the defects of the relief acts of 1868.

Simms, colored, of Chatham, moved to lay the bill on the table and have two hundred copies printed.

This motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Nash, Colonel I. N. Glenn was invited to a seat on this floor.

On motion, Mayor Obear, Hon. Elijah Bond and Hon. H. Glover were invited to seats on this floor.

Leaves of absence were granted to Messrs. Nesbitt, of Dade, Beard, Smith, of Muscogee, Houston, Hall, of Glynn, and Stone.

On motion, the House adjourned until 9 A. M. to-morrow.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 21.—The Merrimack, from Rio de Janeiro, brings the details of a collision between the steamers Paris and Arary, on the Amazon river. The Paris was sunk. One hundred and thirty-one lives lost. Both pilots are reported to have been drunk.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 21.—Late advices from Arizona places the capital of the territory in a state of seige. A dozen citizens have been killed. A number of Mexican teamsters and mail-riders were slaughtered. Mail stations and wagon trains were destroyed. Farmers are abandoning their ranches. The Indians are absolutely free to depredate.

FRANCE.

TOURS, September 21.—The repulse of the Prussians at Orleans is confirmed.

The forces made for the defense of Paris have commenced operations.

General Ripley, an American now in Paris, has tendered his services to the Committee of Defense..

Floating batteries have been constructed to defend the entrances to French rivers.

A large number of troops and volunteers are reported at Lille. It is expected that these and the troops now in the Eastern Department will soon create a diversion.

The members of the government were visited by the Foreign Ambassadors, who have arrived from Paris.

The Constitutionnel says Thiers is perfectly satisfied with England, and now goes to Vienna to secure Austrian co-operation.

Last evening there was a sharp battle between Villeneune and Montrouge, near Paris.

The French force consisted of three divisions, commanded by General Veney, supported by a strong redoubt. The French, nevertheless, were defeated.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 21.—A letter from Bismarck, dated 11th instant, says the next phase of the war will be investment, and in time the occupation of Paris—then peace. Those in power will certainly not desire further slaughter when the sole requirement will be an absolute guarantee that peace in Europe will not again be disturbed.

Bismarck characterizes the statements in the newspapers as romances.

When a gentleman of the press approaches him, he gives them civil answers, their imagination does the rest.

The city of Florence is covered with flags over the expected news of the occupation of Rome.

The French are marvellously active around Paris, throwing up earthworks.

Russia is moving large bodies of troops into Poland.

The Times says that the revolution at Paris is recognized as republican.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, September 21.—The city of Rome is occupied by the Italian troops.

There was no bloodshed, which is altogether attributed to the tenderness of the Pope, who forbade any resistance.

The Romans received the Italians with great enthusiasm.

The London and Paris papers represent the joint income of the Emperor and Empress at two hundred million francs.

The journals are irritated at Prussia's implacability. The Times says Prussia can afford to be generous.

COPENHAGEN, September 21.—Six French iron-clads and two corvettes, a part of the French Baltic fleet, were seen leaving the Baltic yesterday afternoon, passing the Great Belt and going northward.

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A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., Dec. 2, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga.

Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I have of no medicine of any preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,
T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., Oct. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly,
A. K. REDWICK.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents,
Atlanta, Ga.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov24-dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S

GREAT

GERMAN BITTERS.

THE

Purest Medicated Cordial

OF

THE AGE.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the debilitated.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the consumptive.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Kidney Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Female Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, an old German Tonic.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures "never well" people.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives an appetite.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Liver Complaint.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives tone to digestive organs.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strikes at the root of disease.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives energy.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Nervousness.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters purifies the Blood.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the best Spring Medicine.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters regulates the bowels.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters excites the Torpid Liver.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, best Physicians recommend.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters will give Youthful Vigor.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Debility.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, $1,000 for a better remedy.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the favorite of Germany.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters prevents Chills and Fever.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters has met with success everywhere.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., May 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO.—Gentlemen: I certify that I have examined and used in my practice "Lippman's Great German Bitters." I regard them as an admirable tonic and appetizer.

J. W. POINDEXTER, M. D.

B. F. Wyly, Pemberton, Taylor & Co. and A. J. West & Co.
Atlanta, Ga.,
Wholesale Agents for Lippman's Great German Bitters.

Lippman's Pyrafuge,

The Great Chill and Fever Expeller.

ONE DOSE STOPS THE CHILLS.

NEAR GRAHAMVILLE, S. C., Nov. 10, 1869.

MR. LIPPMAN—Dear Sir:

Please send me half dozen bottles of your invaluable and infallible Pyrafuge. The bearer himself was cured of a two years old chill and fever, and his whole family. It has never failed in a single case. Yours respectfully,

WM. F. ROBERT.

Read the Following:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
GRIFFIN, GA., February 4, 1870.

This is to certify that I have used Prof. R. H Keyton's "Oil of Life" in my family, in a case of Aggravated Neuralgia in the Face, and after three applications it gave permanent relief.

WM. M. CLINE, Mayor.

may15-d&w1y

W. G. NEWMAN. JOHN H. FAIN

NEWMAN & FAIN,

Contractors and Builders,

(Office up-stairs over R. H. Goodman's Store.)

NO. 39 PEACHTREE STREET,

july26-dly ATLANTA, GA.

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want a pair of Calf-skins, Kip-skins, Stoga-pegged, Water-proof, Light-soles or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and guarrant the fit. The other men are under the fence! English Soles Leather and Finest Calfskins of all descriptions made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and give us a trial. If you want a Boot that will fit, is made of the best Leather, and will wear well, and not bind, call at the Wide Awake Shop.

WARNER & BRO.,
Wide Awake Boot-Makers, Peachtree street, adjoining Kimball House.

C. HUMMEL & SON,
sept8-dly

CATALOGUES SENT UP IN THE MORNING and printed ready in THE CONSTITUTION office.

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT the CONSTITUTION office.

PAY YOUR TAXES!

AFTER the 25th instant, I am instructed by the Council to close the Books, and issue Double Tax Executions against defaulters. This I shall certainly do. Pay promptly, and save yourself costs, time and trouble.

FRANK T. RYAN,
sept8-dtillsept1 Receiver and Collector.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK LEAD Excels all other LEAD!

1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness,
2d. For its Unequaled Durability,
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly for its Economy.

☞ IT COSTS LESS to paint with BUCK LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers more surface, is more durable, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK ZINC Excels all other ZINCS.

1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness,
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Great Economy.

being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY

BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC.

Try It and be Convinced.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

Buck Cottage Colors,

Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, etc. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS. Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

N. W. Cor. Tenth and Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
feb23-dly Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE.

A. E. SHULHAFER'S NEW YORK MILLINERY STORE, No. 67 Whitehall Street, Empire Block,

IS AGENT FOR THIS CITY,

Where orders may be left for any description of work in our line.

General Office Cor. Washington and Broad Sts., and Dye Works 79 and 81 Ellis Street, Augusta, Ga.

We respectfully beg to infor the public that we are now ready to do DYEING and CLEANING of all kinds of SILKS, VELVETS and RIBBONS, WOOLEN GOODS, ALPACAS, WORSTED GOODS and GENTS' CLOTHING, KID GLOVES, CURTAINS, LACES, CRAPE SHAWLS, etc., in all colors. Also, Gents' Clothing Repaired and Altered.

First-class work or no pay.

BLASCOW & BEROUD,
july1-dly French Dyers.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

A GOOD MAN Leaveth an INHERITANCE

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurances of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the *Stock* system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, SECURED and CERTAIN; in lieu of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the over-charge and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $200 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $21,751, payable on his decease. This

The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., September 22, 1870.

FOR CONGRESS,

(SEVENTH DISTRICT,)

Gen. P. M. B. Young,

OF BARTOW.

☞ We find the following in the proceedings of Congress at its last session. The petition was reported against:

The petition of Mrs. Casa M. Edmison, widow of Thomas Edmison, late a private in company A, first Georgia State troops, for a pension.

Is the Administration Perpetrating a Tremendous Fraud?

To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

YAZOO CITY, MISS., September 12.

I learn from the census-takers here that the work of enumeration has been closed without canvassing the whole county. Not less than a thousand names are supposed to have been omitted. Similar instances are common throughout the South; and I see that complaints of a like nature come from many Western States and cities, and even from the North, where Democratic majorities prevail—the city of New York being a notable case.

Can it be possible that the administration is perpetrating a tremendous fraud upon the nation in this way, in order to secure an apportionment of the members of the House of Representatives that will be favorable to the Radical party?

MISSISSIPPI.

The above presents a very serious question. The complaint in regard to the incompleteness of the census, lately taken, has been general in Democratic sections. Take the Democratic city of Louisville for instance. Under the late count she falls short nearly 70,000. In the city of New York the decrease is astounding.

Northern journals are charging directly that the census is being manipulated to help Radicalism in the coming contest. It is certainly a very grave matter. The suspicion is not without grounds. And the thing accords exactly with Radical practices hitherto to secure party success.

Honey-Moon.

Our young readers of both sexes, and we are assured that THE CONSTITUTION has a great many, will pardon us if we turn for a moment from outrageous election bills, grave questions of national politics, and the plots of the Bullock faction, to call attention to the following timely and sensible article on "Honey-moons."

We are the more emboldened to do this hazardous thing, by the rumored marriage of some dozens of couples shortly, in Atlanta, and similarly large installments of prospective matrimonial copartnerships in adjoining towns and cities.

The article is taken from Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, and is written evidently by a fellow who knows what's what. We call special attention to his explosion of all the nonsense about incompatibility of temper.

He talks admirably on this point. And his method of settling little marital squabbles and sulks, is so fine, so simple, so conclusive, so delightfully satisfactory, that we recommend it unconditionally:

Few men will admit that they need any advice in the honey-moon; fewer still will take it. Most young persons think, "Well, it is hard if we may not be left to ourselves at such a season!" And yet, perhaps, if we took the experience of the many on this subject, they would admit that the honey-moon has been the time of all others when they have been least able to help themselves.

Is it too much to say that during those two months the happiness or the misery of two young lives is very nearly settled? Well, perhaps that is too much to say, for errors and misconceptions may be lived down, and habits may be formed or broken after the honey-moon, in the course of years. But still much is often decided, we will not say in the first few months, but even in the first few days. Little things are decided in little ways, and neither understands that "it is the rift within the lover's lute" that has begun to show even on the first day.

Patience, patience on both sides is needed—but especially on the man's side, for he is the stronger vessel, and knows life. At the bottom of her heart his young wife wants to please him; but she cannot bear him out of her sight—he must account for every moment. His ways are incomprehensible. Why does he want to go out for ten minutes after dinner for a stroll? Why does he prefer spending an hour or two down stairs with an old friend at night to going up into the drawing-room? Why does he want to see the papers at the club, instead of going out after a hard day in the city for a little afternoon shopping? Man is a mystery to many a young girl for the first few months after marriage. She has not learned that a man's interests are and must be various. How should she suppose that a husband had any other desires than to make money and dance attendance upon his wife? She has never cared for anything but love and bonnets. She cannot understand that dress, and even matrimony, are only episodes in a man's life, although they compose the sum total of many a woman's.

We hear a good deal about incompatibility of temper—we believe very little in it. The sexes are almost indefinitely plastic. People quarrel more from errors of judgment than from any other cause. You can live with anybody if you understand him, and you can manage anybody if you know him, providing you mean well, have a decent heart, and are willing to be patient and to make some sacrifices for love.

Newly married women are, no doubt, very trying sometimes to their husbands, but it is the fault more of their social training and the want of education than anything else. Men should remember how much a girl has to learn, and how much, alas! most men have to unlearn when they first begin the married life. We venture to say that if all newly married couples were to make a contract not to quarrel for six months, they would seldom have any serious quarrels in after life.

You can get into the habit of living peacefully and happily, and that habit is quite as difficult to break as any habit we know of. Let there be no long pouthings; let there be no long, careless, indifferent fits. When a girl sulks, *noblesse oblige*, throw that nasty cigar away! now, sir, go up and kiss her; if she still sulks, kiss her again—she won't be able to hold out long against that mode of attack, and five minutes after she will let you have your smoke, or go down to the club, or anything else.

If little storms arise—and they will arise—let them be brief. Don't let us sleep over it and wake up the next morning and cudgel our brains to remember who *napped* last. This kind of thing is mean, it is ungenerous, and it is silly. But if there is a difference, let Annabel and Ralph both speak their minds; and let Annabel have a good cry, if that is her method of winding up, and then a good hug; and let Ralph see that it be all made up before dinner, or before bed time, or we cannot be responsible for the consequences.

Parke Godwin has given up the editorship of Putnam's Magazine, and will, it is said, continue his "History of France."

The Louisiana Democrats.

The Louisiana Democratic Convention published as the first plank in the platform of the party the following:

1. Resolved, That we accept and acquiesce in the fifteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, in good faith.

The New Orleans Times commenting on it uses this strong language:

The Democratic delegates to the convention now in session in this city, yesterday evening marched up bravely and squarely to the full, frank and consistent recognition of the civil and political rights of our colored population.

Now, with the full authority and sanction of the party, may the shrewd Democratic leaders and canvassers address themselves to the task and duty of directing the minds of our colored people toward that party and their obvious interest to combine with it against the speculating jobbers and adventurers who at present control and lead them against every interest of the State. Thus too will the Democracy of Louisiana be brought into accord and harmony with the National Democracy of the country and of our sister States.

This is the leading idea of the Conservatives. Let it be carried out faithfully, and the Democracy will effect a thorough reformation in our political affairs. Nothing more is needed but to nominate for office capable and honest citizens, and to declare as the single aim and purpose of the party, for the present, to restore honesty, capacity, and respectability to the administration of the government, and to wage a vigilant and untiring hostility against every form of corruption and venality.

The vote upon a fair test in the Convention yesterday, on the question of recognizing the equal rights of the colored delegates elected by the Democrats to their seats in the Convention, was overwhelmingly in their favor. Nine-tenths of the parishes voted in favor of the proposition, and the opposition appeared to be limited to the few ardent and impassioned gentlemen from one of the Attakapas parishes who appeared to represent several of the adjoining parishes, and who, as proxy, cast the vote of Sabine parish for the same very short-sighted and unwise proposition—doubtless in entire ignorance that not a Democrat or citizen of that far-away but practicable and intelligent parish would indorse and approve that vote.

The great parishes of the west and northwest, and of the Felicianas and piney woods regions voted in a solid body in favor of the recognition of the colored delegates, thus quieting the most vexatious and disturbing questions which has hitherto agitated and weakened the Democratic party in this State.

This is pretty plain and pointed. Negroes were admitted to the Convention because they were Democrats.

This will show the utter futility of trying to make men, battling for life, cling to the great questions of National politics in the local contests in the different States. These local contests will and must, and should be decided according to local interests and by local necessities. Louisiana has found that without negro aid the good men of the State are powerless to secure an honest administration of State affairs; and flinging off all coyness, she has resolutely set to work to gain the negro aid needed.

Dare we condemn the Democrats of that sorely-ridden State for thus struggling for redemption from a most iniquitous and depressing rule.

The truth is, that we are in a transition state, and from the State contests now going on, and to go on before the next Presidential campaign, must be eliminated the platform on which the Democracy must hope to win in the next National race.

The Southern people seem everywhere resolved upon practical State campaigns to get good honest officers in position, instead of the corrupt adventurers that disgrace nearly every Southern commonwealth. The people are tired of sacrificing material interests by a sturdy adhesion to abstract doctrine, however correct. They appear to be acting on the policy of stripping off from their local issues all National questions, folding them deftly up, and laying them quickly away, to be drawn out and assumed when the sun shines.

We watch these State contests curiously. Tennessee has well nigh redeemed herself. From Brownlow to Senter, and Senter to John C. Brown, are vast strides. Virginia appears satisfied. From Wells to Walker is no little jump for the better. South Carolina is struggling fitfully. With Scott in the saddle leading black legions of robbers in a hard ride over the land, it is a poor change that won't benefit. Butler a proud old chevalier of secession, has donned his Democracy quickly, and lustily shouts "Reform." Democratic tenets or any other doctrines stand a small chance until the brigands are whipped. And Louisiana mired down in the mud by Warmouth and his predatory myrmidons, jumps clear off from all platforms and dogmas and falls to wooing the dusky African like a sighing lover, for his help to swamp the robbers.

We can't cry craven at these people. We must say God speed them. And when the felon's clutch is off the throat, why the houses will be put in order, and the warfare give place to the Bible and the law.

The Charity Hospital and Soup House.

Editors Constitution: I have read with the greatest pleasure the publication in your issue of the 20th, of the plan of organization for this noble charity. We feel a profound admiration for the exalted philanthropy of those women in our city who have led the way in this enterprize. It is perhaps as fitting as it is natural that the men of Atlanta should have been first urged to this duty by the ladies. But now the way has been marked out, and the feasibility of the scheme clearly demonstrated by female charity and zeal, will it not be a shameful thing to see this beneficent design fail or even languish for want of our co-operation? There is never economy or profit of any sort in doing wrong or falling to come up to the requirements of duty.

The taxation to the city of Atlanta, with which there can be no compromise, by our neglect of the poor and suffering in our midst, we hesitate not to say, will triple the yearly cost of the hospital and soup house. It will cost far less to save from disease, incident to the hungry poor, by the expedient here proposed, than it would to supply medicine and medical attendance for those prostrated by indifferent dirt, and often by starvation. We hear that contributions of money are rapidly coming in from the generous-hearted people of our city. But those contributions, while they are expected to be fully adequate to the support of the hospital, will be far from sufficient to purchase house room and outfit for the institution. Why cannot the City Council quiet all apprehension, and at once, on this head? There is the market house building on Ivey street, which seems to be unappropriated, or the next thing to it. This would be the very place to locate this refuge for the destitute poor of the city, and it should be a pressing public convenience or want, which should be allowed to withhold this building from the object for which your correspondent asks it. Rest assured, Mr. Editor, the communities will shrink it a strange thing indeed if the guardians of its public interest should ever look unpitied while the noble-hearted women of Atlanta are volunteering in this praiseworthy work, and pressing forward with it without the co-operation of the city authorities. This will not be so, we are satisfied. The proverbial kindness of our amiable Mayor, and the manly public spirit of many in the Council, forbid any such thought.

FRANKLIN.

William Cullen Bryant, though seventy-six years old, is hale and active, with a boyish bloom in his cheek and a youthful brightness in his eye.

Hon. Francis M. Harper.

Among the rising sons of the General Assembly of Georgia is the gentleman whose name heads this article, and who is a Representative in the House from the county of Terrell.

Mr. Harper was born in the county of Newton, in the year 1833, and is consequently a young man. He is about five feet seven inches in height; weighs one hundred and seventy-five pounds; has dark hair; blue eyes; and is classed among the handsome men of the House. He had the misfortune to lose his father when only twelve months old; and not having been born "with a silver spoon in his mouth," as he grew up he was enabled to receive only a common school education. Having read law before he was of age he was admitted to the bar, after a highly creditable examination before Judge Stark in 1854. In July, 1855, he settled in Lee county and began the practice of his profession. He went to Lee, not heralded by fame, or endorsed by experience, money, or friends, those conveniences to advancement and distinction. Many young men would have been backward in cutting a path for themselves, for it is natural for one starting out in life to lean on one another, to save the dread of standing alone; but when young Harper commenced life it was just at the time "in the tide" for him to carve out his course; to mark out his pathway, independently to pursue it; and he did so most successfully. Business came to him, and he soon had a large and lucrative practice. To-day he is recognized as a judicious and successful advocate, who enters with ability and zeal into his clients' cause, and proves himself skilled in the technical proceedings of his profession, in defending the accused, and in prosecuting for the rights of the injured and oppressed.

Mr. Harper moved to the town of Dawson, Terrell county, in 1856, and resides in that town and represents that county at this time. In 1862 he entered the army and served with it until wounded in the battle of the wilderness in May, 1864. In politics he has always been a Democrat. In 1868, with a colored majority of about two hundred and fifty against him, he was elected to the General Assembly by over eight hundred majority.

Though old landmarks are swept away, and society is being remodelled; though we are in a transition state big with issues, yet, as a Representative, Mr. Harper is not bound by fetters to any dogma, or new order of things, but dares to think and speak boldly and freely, and, on all occasions, exerts himself in behalf of the people—to contribute to the increase of their property, to their temporal enjoyments and comforts, and to the prosperity and growth of the State. He watches that Georgia's glory may not be tarnished; that shackles may not be fastened upon her, and that vampyres shall not suck out her life's blood. He regards himself as the servant, or representative of his people; considers that they have the right to an opinion; that power resides in them; that all legitimate authority is received from them; that the government should be administered in conformity to their will, and to promote their interest; looks upon them as his sovereigns, their will as his law; believes that their wishes must be consulted, and their rights guarded.

He was one of the committee in 1868 under General Meade's order to investigate the eligibility of members under the 14th amendment. He was a warm advocate of the Relief bill of 1868, and by his management may gave him credit for its passage. During the present session he has been an able and earnest advocate of an election and against prolongation; a bold and ardent opponent of extravagance and corruption in every form. He opposed the purchase of the Opera House without first submitting the question to the people. In a clear and forcible manner, and with heavy blows, he fought the militia bill and aided in killing it. Many of his speeches this session are noticeable for their being pithy, racy, scorching, sensible and pertinent. In debate he is fearless and bold; interrupting him does not drive him from his argument, while questions do not throw him back, but rather appear to draw him out. Like the palm tree, the more weight he has on him the faster he rises.

In the education of subjects, Mr. Harper is concise, clear and plain; has a good, distinct voice, and speaks earnestly and warmly on all questions; always commanding the attention of the House. Some have thought that at times the will of Mr. Harper was contrary to his judgment, that is, occassionally he was urged by inclination to that which his understanding would interdict; that his judgment might advise one course and his feelings another; this is all incorrect, and simply arises from the fullness of the organ of benevolence with him, while it causes it to be difficult for him, at times, to say no, in resisting solicitations made to him.

Action is constitutional with Mr. Harper; he does rapidly, and is for doing all the time. He has energy of character and does not allow obstacles to stop him. His brotherly and cordial feelings are strong, and his personal attachments are many and powerful. He is agreeable in his manners, is popular with both old and young, is a rising man, and bids fair soon, if he be not now, one of the prominent men of the State.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

ALBANY, GA., September 21.—The policy of not running ineligible men indorsed. Colonel Tift was unanimously nominated by acclamation.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—The Light House Board gives notice of a fixed white light, under the 4th order, that will be varied by white flashes every thirty seconds, to be exhibited from October 1, from Screw Pile Light-house, in twelve feet water, at mean tide on Wolf-trap shoal, between the mouths of Rapahannock and York Rivers; light vessels are now working and that shoal is to be removed; the new light will be visible eleven and one-half miles; fog bell rings every ten seconds. Stingra Point light has been fixed red, and bears north by west by three-fourths west, distant about ten and three-quarter nautical miles, and New Point Comfort light fixed white, and bears southwest a half sou, distant six and three-fourths nautical miles. Vessels drawing over twenty-five feet should avoid the eastern side light-house by half a mile. Eighteen fleeters may approach on the north or south side within a mile and a quarter. Vessels drawing over six feet should not attempt to pass between the light-house and the main-land.

The Revenue Bureau decides that tobacco stamps are at the risk of the owners or underwriters. The Department will not replace or refund the value of stamps spoiled or defaced.

ALABAMA.

SELMA, September 21.—Ben Turner, negro, of this city, was to-day nominated by the Radical Convention for Congress from the first district. Reynolds, of Wilcox, Buck, of Mobile, and Coon, of Dallas, all carpet-baggers, were candidates for the nomination.

The negroes are highly jubilant over their victory.

Some of the white Radicals are talking about holding another convention.

NEW YORK.

ROCHESTER, September 21.—Democratic State Convention—W. F. Odell permanent President.

The following resolutions were adopted:

1. General indictment against the Republican party.
2. Favoring free trade.
3. Reform in Internal Revenue matters.
4. Denouncing the Congressional naturalisation act.
5. Rejoicing at the downfall of Imperialism in France and the establishment of the French Republic; also the re-establishment of German unity.
6. Sympathising with the people of Ireland and Cuba, and all others struggling for liberty.
7. Calling for the extension of clemency to persons violating the neutrality laws.
8. Endorsing the canal funding bill.
9. Endorsing the administration of Governor Hoffman.

John T. Hoffman unanimously re-nominated for Governor by acclamation.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, September 21.—Dispatches yellow fever for 24 hours ending 6 P. M. yesterday, were 13 natives; 7 of Italy; 4 of France; 1 of Ireland, and 1 of Illinois.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, September 21.—A serious conflict is reported between the whites and blacks in Laurens county, South Carolina. In Barnwell county, a few nights since two negroes murdered two blacks and seriously wounded one white man. No cause is assigned.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, September 21.—Much excitement prevails in Laurens county, on account of disturbances between the whites and negroes. Both parties are armed and organized. Several colored men have been killed. The Reform party charge that these disturbances are part of a pre-arranged plan of the secret leagues to create excitement for political effect. The Republicans indignantly deny the charge. At last accounts all was quiet.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, September 21.—Hon. George W. Barker, a Congressman from Virginia, and A. J. Hamilton, of Texas, have issued a call for a convention of the native original Union men of the South to be held at Knoxville, Tenn., on November 1st.

The subjects to be brought to its attention will be the acceptance of the 14th and 15th amendments, the final status of the African race, universal amnesty and the restoration to every man of civil and political rights as enjoyed before the war, compensation to loyal men for property taken during the war, a fair distribution of the banking capital in the South and West, the abolition of the iron-clad oath, giving the rights of citizens to all persons from whom duties of citizens are required, and the payment of the public debt according to contract.

The call says the convention is not to be of a party character.

FRANCE.

MARSEILLES, September 21.—The Municipal Council has voted a war loan of 10,000,000 francs.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 21.—The Papal organ here says the following will be the Italian Cabinet under the new regime:

Mazine, President and Minister of Foreign Affairs; Carrala, Interior; Cenuschi, Finance; Fabrizi, War; Ponta, Public Works; Farrari, Education; Marcini, Justice; Rassi, Agriculture and Commerce; Garibaldi, Marine.

Transports landed to-day here 6,000 zouaves, and 2,000 chesseurs a *cheval*.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, September 21.—The Emperor of Brazil is expected here soon.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September 21.—It seems that Olezaga was instructed to recognize the French Republic when England did, but acted without waiting England's recognition.

BAVARIA.

MUNICH, September 21.—The Bavarian Minister has the following:

The Strasbourg garrison made a sortie yesterday, but were driven back with great loss.

In the battle between Villenauve and Mairange near Paris on the 19th, the second Bavarian corps supported by the Prussians, sustained the French attack. The Bavarians took seven cannon and over 1,000 prisoners. The French were driven into intrenchments.

The Times of to-day ridicules the protest of Bishop Cox, against his proposed mode of revision of the Bible. It says Coz's arguments oppose any revision whatever.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 21.—The Lafayette has sailed with a number of passengers. The alleged French volunteers arrested from her were discharged, but too late to take passage,

FRANCE.

TOURS, September 21.—The Government has ordered troops from all points of the country to converge Parisward.

It is rumored that the Prussians have entered Orleans.

COLMAR, September 21.—The Prussians have completely evacuated Haut Olin.

The French conscription resumed.

All quiet at Mulchausser.

Should the Prussians return, the population are prepared to resist.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 21.—Professional politicians have matured plans in regard to a new German Confederation, to be called the Nord Dutche Band. Herr Delbruck will be President. Council has been called at headquarters and at Baden and Wertemburg. The Government is busy conferring in regard to the political future.

Herr Lascia, Liberal Deputy, is going to stump the North German States.

It is proposed that Frankfort shall be declared at the same time neutral and capital of the new Confederation. Thus, it will hold towards the new Confederation the same position that Washington and the District of Columbia do to the United States.

This is the first direct step towards what has long been the dream of German patriots—not merely German Union, but German Union of allied Republics.

The German forces have occupied Nemours.

It is said that General Warder threatens to entirely destroy the city of Strasbourg if it does not surrender.

A dispatch from Murdesheim states that on Tuesday surentle 53, before the walls of Strasbourg, was taken by the Landwehr notwithstanding a galling rifle fire.

The Free Masons in the German and French armies have given earnest evidence of their brotherhood and humanity during the war.

The city of Paris is entirely shut in, and all avenues of communication cut off except by way of Berlin.

An official dispatch received there from the Prussian headquarters before Paris, reports that a redout with seven guns have been captured by the German troops.

Another dispatch from the King to the Queen, dated Tuesday, says the French abandoned their position near Pierrefiette, north of Fort Dennis, at the same time.

The Prusso-Bavarian troops crossed the Seine near Villeneure, attacked three divisions, under the command of Venay, on the heights of Seaux and captured seven guns and many men. Fritz directed their movements.

The weather is superb.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September 21.—The Spanish towns on the Mediterranean coast are suffering from the vomits. The disease has not appeared here.

CUBA.

HAVANA, September 21.—A number of prisoners arrived here this morning from Manzanillo. Among them are persons belonging to the families of Fiqueredo, Varela, O'Doardo, O'Dia and Dillan.

ITALY.

VILLE ALBANY, September 21.—Italian troops entered Rome through Portara, firing on the mercenaries as they advanced. At last the Pope ordered a white flag to be hoisted, and hostilities ceased. The National forces then quietly occupied the city.

CALCULATED, IF NOT INTENDED, TO MISLEAD.—Governor Bullock's organ at Atlanta is publishing the oath prescribed in the Georgia Act of Congress of December 22d, 1869, as information to candidates for the next Legislature, and alleges that it is to be taken by "all members who have not been relieved by Congress from political disability."

This is not true. The oath prescribed by the Act of December 22d, 1869, was designed exclusively for the present Legislature on its reorganization and to be in force only so long as the state should be continued under a provisional government. The State reconstructed and re-admitted to the Union, Congress has no more right to prescribe an oath for its legislature than it has for those of New York or the British House of Commons. The Constitution of Georgia alone regulates that matter now, and the oath therein prescribed is the only one to be taken by members elect to the coming Legislature. The Act of Congress referred exclusively to the Legislature now in session, was intended as a part of the system of reconstruction, and has expired by its own limitation.

We do not wish to be understood as saying that persons ineligible under the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States can lawfully take seats in the Legislature. They will do so at the risk of prosecution in the Federal Courts, but no oath that they are eligible under the Fourteenth Amendment will or can be required of them.—*Savannah Republican.*

☞ Bambonnet, a famous lion-hunter of Algeria, scarcely less renowned than his friend Jules Gerard, has issued a circular inviting his countrymen of the Cote d'Or to join him in forming a band of Free-Shots (Francs-Tireurs) for the defense of the nation. There must be thirty candidates, must be able to march well, to shoot straight, and be ready for anything.

HYMENEAL.

JOHNSON—SEWELL.—Married, at the residence of Rev. I. Sewell, near Marietta, on the morning of the 20th, by Rev. A. J. Jarrell, Mr. GEORGE N. JOHNSON, of Atlanta, Georgia, and Miss CORNELIA W. SEWELL.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ OBITUARY NOTICES.—ALL Obituary Notices will be charged at the rate of TWO CENTS A WORD. Cash must accompany the notices. aug24-dtf

☞ THE REASON WHY TICKETS sell so rapidly in H. K. HICKS & CO.'S GRAND RAFFLE AND SALE, is because the people are satisfied that it is no humbug, and that the property is just what it is represented to be.

Every man, woman and child in the whole country ought to secure a TICKET AT ONCE, for this great opportunity to secure a little fortune FOR ONE DOLLAR. It will soon close. We feel confident, with a little energy, all the tickets will be sold by the time specified.

"Do not trifle with the fickle goddess,
But secure her favors while you may."

Remember, your money is deposited, and will be returned if the Raffle does not come off.

The Drawing will take place under the Supervision of six sworn Commissioners.

Send in your orders, at once, to

H. K. HICKS & CO.,
Calhoun, Ga.

sept1 dim

ELECTION NOTICES.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.—WE ARE authorized to announce Captain HENRY JACKSON as a candidate for the nomination of the Democratic party, on the first Tuesday in October next, to a seat in the House of Representatives from the county of Fulton.

sep23-dtd

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce the name of Dr. E. GRIFFIN for the Legislature, subject to the action of the Convention.

sep22 dtd

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.—WE ARE authorized to announce Dr. JOHN S. WILSON as a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives, subject to a nomination by the Democratic party of Fulton county. sep21-dtd

FOR TAX RECEIVER.—I HEREBY announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Receiver of Tax Returns of Fulton county. The manner in which I have discharged the duties of the office in the past will be my pledge for the future. Being now far advanced in age, and having no other means of support for myself and family, I solicit the suffrage of my fellow-citizens without distinction of party.

sep18-dtf SAMUEL GRUBB.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE SIDNEY DELL as a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives, subject to nomination by the Democratic party of Fulton county on first Tuesday in October next. sep18-dtf

We announce the name of GEORGE HILLYER as a candidate for the nomination by the Democratic party to the State Senate from this, the 35th District, embracing the counties of Fulton, Cobb and Clayton. MANY VOTERS.

September 12, 1870—dtif-1st-tuesday-in-oct

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE the name of Dr. C. L. REDWINE as a candidate for Senator from the 35th Senatorial District, embracing the Counties of Cobb, Fulton and Clayton, subject to the Democratic nomination.

sep15-dtf

New Advertisements.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

Closing Out Medley Sale!

NEXT SATURDAY, 24th INSTANT.

TO make room for the large stock of GROCERIES of A. C. & B. F. Wyly, who have rented my present Store-room from 1st October, when I shall move to my NEW OFFICE, between Kimball's Hotel and the Railroad Block, I will sell on SATURDAY MORNING next, at 10 o'clock, EVERYTHING IN STORE, viz:

One stylish modern PHAETON, with Pole and Shafts, as good as new—a fine article.

One OPEN CARRIAGE, well adapted to hacking during the Fair.

A large lot of DRY LUMBER, now in the cellar.

One BILLIARD TABLE.

One PIANO, European style, full 7-octave—Henrie Herz, Maker.

One large MAHOGANY BEDSTEAD.

Two large fine CARPETS.

One splendid set of PARLOR FURNITURE.

One COOK STOVE, No 7, good as new.

And everything else lying around the office. All will be sold without reserve for CASH.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate Agent, etc

sep22-dtf

GRAND TROTTING MATCH

—AT—

OGLETHORPE PARK.

PURSE, $100.

THE OGLETHORPE PARK ASSOCIATION offer a Purse of $100 for the fastest trotting Horse to be owned by a citizen of Atlanta, to be trotted for on the Park Track, on SATURDAY, September 24th, at 4 o'clock, P. M. Mile heats to harness, best two in three, two or more to start.

Entrance must be made to the Secretary, at Archer's Stable, on or before Friday, September 23, at 5 P. M. Entrance fee 10 per cent.

Admittance..... 50 cents
Children and Servants..... 25 cents
Single Horse..... 55 cents
Double Team..... 50 cents

A TRAIN will leave Whitehall Crossing at 3½ o'clock P. M., returning after the race. Tickets for the round trip and admission to the Fair Grounds, ONE DOLLAR.

By order of Board of Managers.

sep23-d3t H. T. McDOWELL, Secretary.

Valuable Land for Sale.

LYING in Cherokee county, Georgia, on the old Alabama road, 10 miles east of Canton, known as the Smithwick place, consisting of 300 acres, 100 cleared, 60 or 80 acres good bottom land, in a good state of cultivation, good Dwelling, Store House, and outbuildings, which I will sell low for cash, at private sale. For further particulars apply to T. G. UNDERWOOD,

sep18-w3m Orange Post-office, Georgia.

Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold in the city of Atlanta, before the Court-house door, at the lawful hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in November, 1870, all that LOT OR PARCEL OF LAND lying in the East and West Peachtree Streets, North Avenue and lands belonging to G. H. Camp, in the limits of Atlanta, containing six acres, more less, and belonging to the estate of Barrington King, deceased. By order of Court. Terms cash. Purchaser paying for titles.

C. B. KING, Administrator
sep21-dtlnovtdx Estate of B. King.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership of E. ANDREWS & CO., is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of F. H. Clarke. E. Andrews and S. S. May assuming all liabilities of the late firm, and are alone authorized to collect all bills and receipt for the same.

E. ANDREWS,
F. H. CLARKE,
S. S. MAY.

Atlanta, Ga., September 9th, 1870.

The business will be continued under the name of E. ANDREWS & CO.

sep21-d3t

BACON HOUSE,

Lexington, Georgia,

JOHN W. BACON.....Proprietor.

A REGULAR TWO-HORSE HACK will stand every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Georgia.

sep21-dtf

ARROW TIE.

Seven Car Loads for Sale.

In store and to arrive this week, by

T. J. HIGHTOWER & CO.,
Agents.

sep22-dtw

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD,

AND DAY BOARD,

ON GARNETT STREET,

Between Forsyth and Whitehall,

At MRS. W. MILLER'S.

sep22-d3t

FOR SALE.

ONE 35 HORSE-POWER

LOCOMOTIVE BOILER,

Complete with Smoke-Stack.

ONE 25 HORSE-POWER

Stationery Steam Engine!

ONE 20 HORSE-POWER

Portable Steam Engine.

—ALSO—

ONE CIRCULAR-SAW MILL!

ALL from the celebrated Manufactory of the Wood & Mann Steam Engine Company of Utica, New York.

Enquire at Porter & Butler's Foundry, Atlanta, Georgia.

George Place & Company, 128 and 130 Chambers street, New York; Or of

E. D. Wood, at the National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

The above Machinery will be sold separately or together. sep22-d1m

DeGive's Opera House.

THREE NIGHTS.

Commencing Tuesday, Sept 20th.

SKIFF & GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS.

25 ARTISTS. 25

THE LAST SENSATION!

FOUR END MEN—TWO BONE PLAYERS—TWO TAMBORINISTS.

ALL ON THE STAGE AT THE SAME TIME!

Tickets at Phillips & Crew's.

sep16-d3t JOE MACK, Business Agent.

LARGE LOT OF FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

WE will sell at Auction on TUESDAY, the 27th day of September, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on Whitehall Street, three doors from the corner of Whitehall and Alabama Streets, the following lot of valuable Furniture, etc.:

One Seven (7) Octave Piano,
Two small Sofas, Mahogany and Mohair,
Two (2) Arm Chairs,
Six (6) Parlor Chairs,
One (1) Card Table,
One (1) Marble Top Table,
One (1) Etigue or What-Not,
One Inlaid Chess Table,
One Cabinet Shelfs,
Four (4) Bohemian Glass Vases (very fine),
Two Real Bronze Statuettes,
One Bronze Centre Piece,
One Solid Oak Extension Table,
One Solid Oak Book Case,
One very fine Solid Oak Book Case, carved,
Nine Solid Oak Dinning Chairs,
Two Solid Oak Rockers,
One Solid Oak Gothic Table,
One Solid Oak Lounge,
Two Imitation Bronze Statuettes,
One Iron Clock, Inlaid,
Two French Vases,
Two Hall Chairs,
One Iron Hat Rack,
Five Gent Wood Cornices,
Twelve (12) Window Shades—new,
One Glass Buffet,
One (1) Safe, Crockery, Glass and China-ware,
Fifty-four (54) English Poets—addison's edition,
Sixty-one (61) Volumes History,
Sixty-one (61) Volumes English Poets—American edition,
One hundred and eighty-four (184) volumes general literature,
Seventy-four (74) volumes French and German Works,
Twenty-three (23) volumes Latin and Greek,
About one hundred (100) volumes Novels, nearly one-half of which are bound,
One Solid Mahogany French Carved Bedstead,
One Solid Mahogany Wardrobe—very large,
One Solid Mahogany Marble Top Bureau—large Glass,
One Solid Mahogany Marble Washstand,
One Solid Mahogany Stand, Marble Top,
One Solid Mahogany Large Rocker, Suffed Mohair,
One Solid Mahogany Small Rocker, Cane seat and back,
Six Solid Mahogany Chairs, Cane seat,
One fine Wool Mattress, 2 Pillows, 1 Bolster,
One Set Springs,
Bed Linen, Bedding and Chamber Linen,
One Cottage Bed Room Set complete,
Two Mattresses, Bolsters and Pillows, Bed Linen Bedding and Chamber Linen,
One Single Stained Bedstead,
One Double Stained Bedstead,
Ten (10) new Shades,
Five (5) splendid Brussel Carpets,
Five (5) splendid Brussel Rugs,
Two (2) spendid Brussel Mats,
One (1) pair Stair Carpeting,
Two (2) Oil Cloths.

☞ The sale will be positive. This, perhaps, is the best lot of FURNITURE that has been offered at Auction. It is, therefore, a rare chance to buy at low figures.

TERMS CASH.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents.

sep20-dtds

THE AMERICAN NEEDLE COTTON GIN,

WITH THE

EAGLE COTTON PRESS

HAS NO EQUAL.

AS General Agent for the State of Georgia for the above Gins, I beg to call the attention of farmers to them.

THE NEEDLE COTTON GIN

Was placed before the public last season as an original and entirely new machine. It had, as all new machines have, some defects, the chief one being in the needles lacking strength. This weakness is entirely removed, and I offer to the public for the present season, in the Needle Gin, one that combines with its superiority in all other regards, durability.

Gins sold last season will be supplied with entire outfits of the improved needles, free of cost.

THE EAGLE PRESS

Is a chain power press, more forcible than any power ever invented for packing cotton.

Call and examine or send for circulars to

SAMUEL A. ECHOLS,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
Broad Street, (by the bridge) Atlanta, Georgia.

a ug31-dtf

Atlanta Steam Brewery.

Ale, Porter and Beer.

Temporary Office, Granite Block, Broad Size st

ATLANTA, GA.

aug24-d3m SPENCER & CO.

Valuable Property for Sale.

TWO very desirable pieces of City Property, consisting of ONE HOUSE and LOT on the corner of Forsyth and Luckie streets; house contains eight rooms, and has a large garden. Also, one beautiful BUILDING LOT, unimproved, about three acres, on Stephens and Richardson streets, adjoining the property of J. O. McDaniel and A. W. Mitchell. Also, one of the finest PLANTATIONS in Spalding county, Georgia, containing 325 acres, 8½ miles from Griffin. Apply to GEO. SCHAEFER, at the Warehouse, corner Hunter and Pryor streets, formerly occupied by McDaniel, Strong & Co. sep11-d1m

A SUPERB LOT,

For Permanent Investment.

THAT PROMINENT LOT, 26½ by 98 feet, on the corner of Marietta and Foundry streets, at the junction of Marietta and Walton Streets, marked "Frank" on the City Map.

I will be sold, on the premises, at 5 o'clock, FRIDAY EVENING, September 23d, absolutely, to the highest bidder.

This very prominent, valuable property, certainly will command the attention of capitalists seeking permanent investments in the Gate City.

Titles perfect. Terms—One-half cash; balance 8 and 4 months, with interest.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents.

sep21-d3t Office Next to James' Bank.

VALUABLE PLANTATION

—AT—

EXECUTORS' SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the last will and testament of Lewis Redwine, deceased, will be sold on the first Tuesday in November next, before the Courts House door, in Newnan, Georgia, during the usual hours of sale, the beautiful RESIDENCE and FARM of Lewis Redwine, deceased, situated on the Newnan and Campbellton Road, six miles north of Newnan, and nine miles from Powell's Station on the Atlanta and West Point Railroad. This Farm consists of 1,153 acres, near one-half of which is cleared. There is about 200 acres of bottom land, most of which is well ditched and in a high state of cultivation. The Farm, as a whole, is known to be one of the best improved and most productive in Middle Georgia. The Dwelling is beautifully situated and contains twelve or fourteen rooms, with all necessary out buildings. Is accessible to one of the best springs in the county, besides having a well of fine water in the yard. Among the other improvements is a good Gin House and Cotton Press, an excellent two-story Barn, five Stable rooms, several large and well arranged Corn C

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Ga., September 22, 1870.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Index to New Advertisements.
Closing out Medley Sale—G. W. Adair.
Grand Trotting Match—H. T. McDowell.
Valuable Land for Sale—T. G. Underwood.
Administrator's Sale—C. D. King.

COLONEL S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent of the Georgia Railroad, was in the city yesterday.

COLONEL S. K. JOHNSON has put a freight train on the Georgia Road that leaves now at 7:30 o'clock P. M.

THE CONSTITUTION Office was invaded yesterday afternoon by a brigade of the fair sex, and as usual, they carried it by storm.

THE revival is still progressing at Trinity Church, increased interest being manifested at every meeting. Preaching every night.

SOME eighty-five vehicles attended the funeral of Mrs. W. H. Roche yesterday evening—perhaps the largest funeral that ever took place here.

BELL & HAMMOCK will sell six residence lots on McDonough and Crumley streets this afternoon. The lots are eligibly situated, and are located in an elegant neighborhood.

MR. CHAMBERLIN, of the firm of Chamberlin, Boynton & Co., has just returned from New York with a large stock of goods. We are pleased to see him looking well.

REV. R. W. FULLER has returned to the city greatly improved in health, and will remain here for a month or so. We are pleased to see him back among his old friends.

OUR friend, J. J. Toon, of the Franklin Printing House, has returned, after a lengthy visit to Tennessee. He looks vigorous and hearty again and in the right tune for business.

A CERTAIN Senator was seen yesterday on Peters street, in company with one of the demi-monde. He was a gay *Walker* and she a nice *Duck!* It is understood that her companions have cut her acquaintance!

THE Collector of Internal Revenue has come into the possession of a check for $903, issued by the Treasury Department to a Mr. John King for mutilated currency returned. Mr. John King will confer with Colonel Atkins about the matter.

MRS. A. SPAHR has just returned from New York with an infatuating assortment of hair-doings for the ladies. She is getting her fine stock opened, and will, on Saturday afternoon, have a grand opening for the display of her infinite variety of chignons, waterfalls, curls, and other attractions of the toilet.

LAST night a large and appreciative audience greeted Skiff & Gaylord's Minstrels at DeGive's. The performance was splendid, eliciting repeated applause. They are popular minstrels here, and never fail to draw full houses. Each performer enacts his part so well, that it would be invidious to particularize. To-night they give their last performance. Let DeGive's be crowded to-night to its utmost capacity.

THE Trustees of the Atlanta Medical College met yesterday, and elected the following gentlemen to fill vacancies:

Dr. H. W. Brown, Professor of Anatomy.
Dr. J. T. Banks, Professor of Obstetrics and diseases of women and children.
Dr. J. W. Jones, Professor of the Practice of Medicine.
Dr. R. D. Moore, Professor of Physiology.

It is understood that these gentlemen will accept.

THE Boston Times regales its readers with this bit of news:

A large soup-house for the benefit of the poor is in contemplation at Atlanta, Ga. Ten gentlemen have pledged themselves to contribute $50 per year each to maintain it. An ale-brewer has headed the subscription with $5,000.

Kenney's subscription grows as it gets off from here. When it reachers the ale region of London another naught will be added.

SEVERAL typographical errors occurred in the letter of T. W. J. Hill, published yesterday, which completely changed his meaning. We give the sentences corrected:

"Such things are not impossible, nor altogether improbable."

"Under the circumstances if I was elected, and should afterwards be ousted, I would always feel I had done my friends, who placed me in office, a great wrong, prevented the success of my political party, and brought upon myself a deserved reproach."

* * * * * * * * * * * *

"My sincere desire is to once more see my native State restored to the Union, with all her rights under the constitution, and her people in the enjoyment of that prosperity and happiness of which they were the recipients in days past."

RADICAL MEETING.—Yesterday the Radicals had a grand pow-wow at the City Hall, to appoint delegates to the Kingston Convention, to nominate a candidate for Congress in the seventh district. The State Road was out in force. The small army of whites in the centre were flanked by a cordon of 15th amendments, and glittered like paste between black diamonds. The United States District Attorney for Georgia, Judge John D. Pope, was called to the chair, and J. R. W. Johnston (of the Executive Department) secretary.

The following delegates were appointed to attend the Kingston Convention:

Roderick Badger, Esq.
Captain Matthewson.
E. F. Blodgett.

Resolutions were adopted in a line with those recommended by the Central Executive Committee urging organization and putting candidates in the field.

A MODEL APPLICATION FOR OFFICE.—The following letter was picked up in the streets:

ATLANTA, GA., September 3, 1870.

Colonel Foster Blodgett:

SIR—permit me to ask your honor to consider my application Sir I did in the la & in every canvass or Election since the Surrender work for and do more for & cary mor votes in to & for the republican cause & many of such votes wer and would of been voted against us I kept a little family Grocery Stor & maned many votes I am identifyed out & ous with the Republican Party and ask your Honor to give me some job as watchman or car greator or any other Job in your gift I am needy and ask a favor as Such those who are my Vouchers know what I've said is all truth most Respectly

S. O.

The letter was endorsed on the back by a leading Republican, that he knew the applicant to be a good Republican.

PURSUANT to a call in the city papers, a meeting of ladies was held at DeGive's Opera House, Monday, P. M., September 19, for the purpose of permanently establishing a charity hospital and soup-house in this city.

Dr. J. G. Westmoreland was called to the chair, and Captain Henry Jackson requested to act as secretary, *pro tem.*

The constitution was then read and adopted, and upon going into an election the following officers were elected for one year:

Mrs. W. F. Westmoreland, President.
Mrs. E. S. Rawson, Miss Laura Haygood, Vice-Presidents.
Mrs Sarah Jones, Secretary.

A resolution was presented and adopted, that Mr. E. E. Rawson, Col. Brickle, and Dr. H. V. M. Miller be requested to act as a committee in behalf of the "Charity Hospital and Soup-House Society," to lay their application before the Mayor and Council, on Friday evening next, for a proper site for the institution.

It was also resolved that Mrs. Dr. Johnson, Mrs. W. F. Westmoreland, and Mrs. W. W. Clayton be appointed a committee to wait upon the Mayor and Council with respect to the same object.

The thanks of the ladies are due Mr. Walker for his kindness in providing a room for the meeting of the Society.

SARAH JONES, Secretary.

WHAT A RADICAL SENATOR THOUGHT IN JUNE, 1870.—The following letter, written on paper furnished by the State to her Senators, explains the views and feelings of a distinguished Senator in June last. Then he favored winding the thing up; now he favors prolongation. But perhaps then he was blind, whereas now he sees:

CARROLLTON, June 14, 1870.

T. D. W., Milledgeville—Dear Sir: Your favor of recent date received, for which accept my thanks. I was truly glad to hear from you. As to political matters, Legislation, etc., I beg to be excused. I became so disgusted when up there last, that I am still at sea without a "sale or rudder." Whether the thing goes according to "blood relations" or not, I am at a loss to say, but one thing I know, "chassis I was blind, I now see." I do know that Billy Fleming has been stricken, but who struck him I am not able to say. I expect it'll go back there the 4th July to go to winding the thing up in as short order as possible, for I believe it stinks awfully in the nostrils of the people already.

As for the Judiciary, I have no assurance that I will be on it. I think M—— stands about as fair a chance now as any, as I think he is in favor with President Conley.

As for Joe M——s, he is a man of his word; when he says he will do a thing he is sure not to disappoint you—provided you put no confidence in what he says. * * * * * * * * * * *

W. W. M——.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 21.—Money very easy at 3@5. Sterling unsettled 9¾@9⅞. Gold 13¾@13⅞. Governments strong. Southerns quiet; Tennessees 62; new 60¾. Virginias 68. Louisians 71; new 62. Levees 74; 8s, 85. Alabamas 100; 5s, 89. Georgias 83½; 7s 90. North Carolinas 50½; new 29. South Carolinas, 80; new 68.

Cotton irregular; sales 1300 bales; uplands 18½. Flour State and Western 5@10 better; superfine 4 70@5 10; Southern firm; common to fair extra 5 25@6 15. Wheat winter red and amber western 1 32½@1 35; Southern 1 27. Corn 88@90. Pork 25 00@25 12½. Lard steady. Whisky 90½@91½. Groceries and Turpentine dull. Rosin quiet. Tallow 9@9½. Freights firmer.

LATER—Wall street is very quiet; fluctuations very slight; 81's 14; 62's 13½; 4's 11⅞; 5's 12½; new 10½; 7's 10¾; 8's 10⅝; 4⅞'s 7; domestic fleece 35@35½; pulled 38@40; California 22@31. Hides unchanged. Cotton, steam ⅛@¼. Wheat steam 8½.

NEW ORLEANS, September 21.—Cotton fair and lower; middlings 17½@17¾; sales 1350; net receipts 1111; coastwise 127; total 1238; stock 17,882.

Flour active; superfine 5 00; double 5 50; treble 6 50@7 00. Corn dull and lower; mixed 85; white 88. Oats lower; St. Louis 50@52. Bran 85@1 00. Pork; mess 27 50. Hay, prime 28 00; choice 30 00. Coffee; fair 16¼@16½; prime 17¼@17½. Sterling 24¾. Sight ¾ premium. Gold 13¾.

GALVESTON, September 21.—Cotton dull; good ordinary 14½; sales 244 bales; net receipts 244; stock on hand 5,078.

BALTIMORE, September 21.—Cotton—cable news causes buyers to withdraw; middlings 18½; sales 50; net receipts coastwise 49; stock 1435.

NORFOLK, September 21.—Cotton dull; low middlings 16¾@17; net receipts 540; exports, coastwise 224; stock 1160.

BOSTON, September 21.—Cotton dull and lower; middlings 19¼ sales 200 bales; net receipts 140; coastwise 60; total 200; stock 3000.

SAVANNAH, September 21.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 17; sales 500 bales; net receipts 1813; exports coastwise 2957; stock 6337.

CHARLESTON, September 21.—Cotton quiet; middlings 16¾; sales 100 bales; net receipts 1,809; stock on hand 5,474.

MOBILE, September 21.—Cotton dull and heavy; middlings 16¾; sales 150 bales; net receipts 266; exports coastwise 127; stock 11,934.

Flour quiet and less firm. Wheat quiet and supply light. Corn active and higher; white 97@1 02. Pork quiet. Corn improved. Whisky 92@93.

CINCINNATI, September 21.—Flour, family 5 75@6 60. Corn, mixed 70@72; white 74@75. Pork 25 50. Whisky 97. Shoulders 14½; rib sides 15½; clear sides 17½. Lard 14¾@15.

ST. LOUIS, September 21.—Flour firm; superfine winter 4 00@4 25. Corn, mixed 63; choice yellow 68. Whisky steady at 90. Pork dull at 25 50@26 00. Bacon heavy. Shoulders 13¼@14. Lard quiet 15¾.

AUGUSTA, September 21.—Cotton market active; middlings 15½@15¾; sales 683 bales; receipts 477.

LIVERPOOL, September 21—Evening—Cotton quiet; uplands 9⅝@9¾; Orleans 9⅝@9¾; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and exports 2,000. Common rosin 4s. 9d. to 5s.

LONDON, September 21.—Evening—Consols 93¾@92¼. Bonds 90¼. Sugar firm.

Local and Business Notices.

200 POUNDS Comb Honey.
sep22-d1t C. J. KICKLIGHTER.

WANTED.—Two good Coat and Pantaloon hands immediately. J. H. PURTELL,
sep22-d2t Opposite National Hotel.

Equine Powders, Liniment and Ointment.

Equine Remedies the best extant.

Save your horses by Equine Remedies.

Save your Cattle by Equine Remedies.

Equine Remedies never fail. d1w

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is within two blocks of the Young Men's Christian Association rooms. d1w

MRS. GATES AND MRS. JAMES.—Mrs. Gates—Good morning, Mrs. James. How well you are looking; far better than when I saw you last.

Mrs. James—Oh, yes; I am much better than I have been for a long time, and I am now on my way for more of my favorite medicine—PLANTATION BITTERS. One bottle of it is worth all the doctors in the world. No more doctors for me.

Mrs. Gates—Nearly every one speaks well of PLANTATION BITTERS, and I have a mind to try it myself. The fact is, I have no appetite, strength or energy for anything. Mary and Lizzie are in the same way, and lounge about the house all day long, good for nothing.

Mrs. James—My word for it, Mrs. Gates, just let them try PLANTATION BITTERS moderately three times a day, and you will see a wonderful improvement.

SEA MOSS FARINE from pure Irish Moss, for Blanc Mange, Puddings, Custards, Creams, etc., etc. The cheapest, healthiest and most delicious food in the world.
sep20-deodlw&wlt

NOT TO BE DETECTED.—The hues imparted to gray heads by PHALON'S VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, are as vivid as those of nature, and the change is not effected by a disregard of cleanliness, as is the case with the other hair coloring preparations. The VITALIA being eminently clean. No sediment. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.
sep20-deodlw

TRUST WHAT TIME HAS SANCTIONED. The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may, in some cases, be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses, extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport, is worthy of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world, innumerable preparations, intended to compete with it, have gone up like rockets, and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile, the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the eagle's flight. Its introduction produced a revolution in therapeutics, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards. To-day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in christendom, and commands a larger sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, on this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, bilious disorders, nervous affections, general debility, and as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it takes precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitious country dealers, who endeavor to foist their local abortions on the public in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have failed there is no chance for the "suckers." sep20-deodlw&wlt

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS are a most delightful-tasting cordial, possessing powerful tonic and invigorating properties, and act directly upon the cells which manufacture the gastric juice and also through the stomach, upon the liver and the bowels. They rouse the stomach and make it do its whole duty. If there is nausea, it soon subsides; if there is heartburn, it vanishes. If the bowels are constipated, relief is immediately afforded; if there is sick headache, the primary cause in the stomach being removed, it quickly passes away. Females will find them a delightful tonic, bracing and invigorating the system. sep20-deodlw&wlt

PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT.—Parties in want of any of the popular patent medicines of the day, will find it to their interest to call on Bradfield & Co., Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., next door to Colonel Mark W. Johnson's. july30-dlf

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & Co. have just opened the largest and most complete stock of Dry Goods, embracing every variety from the finest velvet cloak to a tiny bib for the baby. Dress Silks, Merinos, Alpacas, Plaids and Plain Dress Goods, Hosiery, Shawls and Flannels for the multitude. The carpet department is full of the most beautiful patterns of Wilton, Moquette, Velvet, American, French, English, Tapestry and Body Brussels, 3-ply Ingrain, 2-ply Wool, Dutch, Printed Linen and Hemp Carpets. Oil Cloths of every pattern and width. Window Shades and Curtain Goods generally. We invite the special attention of Upholsters to our stock. Plush of every color, and Hair Cloth of all width. Please call and examine and we will satisfy you that the goods are all right and cheap.
sept19-d3t

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.—Parties with $12,000 to $15,000 cash, can obtain an interest in an ESTABLISHED business in Atlanta that pay's from one to THREE HUNDRED per cent. at wholesale prices.

Address S. J. S., Drawer 30.
sep 18-sun&wed3w.

ANOTHER MYSTERY SOLVED.—Chemists, being unable to discover the ingredients in fragrant SOZODONT, which removes all stains from the teeth and imparts such a peculiar rosiness to the gums, the public are hereby informed that it is a preparation from the bark of the QUILLAYA SAPONARIA or Soap Tree of Chili, imported for the first time into this country for this special purpose. Such is the purifying and innocuous effect of this rare botanical agent, that it removes discolorations from the most fragile textile fabrics, without injuring a single thread.

Save and mend the pieces; use "SPALDING'S GLUE." d1w

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—George Cook & Co., Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. The largest house in the Southern States. Mr. Wm. M. Shackleford, an experienced gentlemen, superintends the Musical Department. Professional and Amateur Musicians will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Everything pertaining to the "Art Melodious," to be found here. Special attention paid to Tuning Pianos.

GEORGE COOK & Co.,
aug24-d1y Marietta street.

HAVE you a Cough? Have you Bronchitis? Have you Asthma? Have you Spitting of Blood? Have you Night Sweats? Have you Consumption? Have you any disease of the throat or lungs?

For the cure of any of these complaints, use Globe Flower Cough Syrup. It has made some of the most wonderful cures recorded in Medical Science, even when the patients were considered in the last stages of consumption. *Nil desperandum.*

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.
sept3-tf

IF you want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

Go to Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-d1y

IF you want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want Rosadalis, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

FORTY Barrels Cherry Brandy just received at Kenny's Chicago Ale Depot, on Pryor street. july6-dtf

Go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery. july10-d1y

ON and after Tuesday next, free dances will be given on Tuesday and Friday nights at the King House, at Stone Mountain. july9-dlf

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S Grain Drill and Guano Distributor,

WITH GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT.

CATALOGUE and price list mailed free to applicants. Please address

SAMUEL A. ECHOLS,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store.
Broad street, (by the bridge) Atlanta.
aug31-dlf

BRICKS FOR SALE.

I HAVE Two hundred thousand good average Bricks, at my yard in West End, which I will sell reasonably, for cash, if called for soon.
aug30-dlf JULIUS GLATZ.

FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

WHY is it that so many children die under the age of five years? That a large proportion of children die under that age, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.

Also, it is known that worms exist in the human system from its earliest infancy; that they are generally, if not always, with us constantly; with their children, can not be too observing of the first symptoms of worms; for so surely as they exist, so surely is their safety and certainly removal of the most Delicate Infant, by the timely use of

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Composition, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.

Worm Confections, made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily.

CAUTION.

Should occasion require you to purchase B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, particularly be careful not too see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so

Favorably Known Since 1829,

And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not wish to have an investigation forced upon them.

Schwartz & Haslett,
WHOLESALE
AGENTS
B. A. Fahnestock's, Son & Co.'s
Sole Proprietor's Pittsburgh, Pa.
dw8-dm&dwtf

NOTICE.

TOLLED before me in the county, by G. W. Crenshaw, of the 54th District, G. M., of Gwinnett county, Georgia, on the 6th day of September, 1870, one large yellow mare mule, 15 hands, with crooked horns, the under lip has a small cut, about 12 years old, appraised by T. D. Mathews and S. Martin at $75. This is to notify Crenshaw, and that it is worth $100 dollars to take it away.

JAMES T. LANKIN, Ordinary,
sept8-w6t Gwinnett Co. Ga.

House and Lot for Sale.

THE undersigned will sell his House and Lot on Forsyth street, between Mitchell and Hunter streets, on very moderate terms. The house contains seven rooms, and is in good repair. The lot is 50 feet front by 200 feet deep. Possession given on the 1st of October next.

JAMES T. LANKIN, Ordinary,
sept8-w6t Gwinnett Co. Ga.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL."

MRS. HARLOW will open her School on the second Monday in October, 1870, for the usual course of instruction in English, with French, Vocal and Instrumental Music on Piano and Guitar. Also, Private instruction of pupils can be had with families in her family, embracing branches of study desired.

REFERENCES—C. Hubbard, Esq., Dr. Campbell, Colonel Glenn, Colonel Stewart, Atlanta; Judge Black, Dr. J. B. Walker, Augusta; Gen. W. Lamar, Macon.

Apply at her residence on Fry or street, near Garnett, between 9 o'clock, A. M., and 4 P. M.
sept2-d2w

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS, CRABS, ETC.

I AM now prepared to furnish my former customers, throughout the State, with FRESH FISH of all kinds, OYSTERS, CRABS, etc. Orders by mail promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

A. S. ALLEN,
Savannah, Ga.

Troy Female Seminary.

THIS Institution offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation.

Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of more than twenty professors and teachers.

For circulars apply to

JOHN H. WILLARD,
aug28-d3m Troy, New York.

THE BROWN

—AND—

GULLETT COTTON GINS.

I HAVE the agency for the above Gins, and will be glad to have parties wishing to purchase call and examine or correspond with me.

WILLIS R. BIGGERS,
At Samuel A. Echols' Agricultural Warehouse.
aug31-dlf

$6,000 FOR ONE DOLLAR!

$30,000 WORTH OF *REAL ESTATE*

—AND—

Personal Property to be

RAFFLED

For, at Calhoun, Georgia,

OCTOBER 24th, 1870.

EVERY TICKET GUARANTEED A PRIZE

Raffle Conducted by Six Sworn Commissioners.

AGENTS WANTED—To whom a liberal commission will be given.

REFERENCES—Colonel W. H. Dabney, Atlanta, Georgia, or County Officers.

Send for Circulars, Tickets, etc., to

H. K. HICKS & CO.,
Managing Agents,
September 11, 1870—d1m Calhoun, Ga.

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affions, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entails misery in after life. The long known injurious properties of these so called alteratives and purifiers has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the arena of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Sonrce—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent minera's, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system; and banishes the languor and debility peculiar to that season of the year. It acts promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.
sept1-dsodlm

Family Ice Machines.

TOSELLI'S only practical Ice Machines for the use of Druggists, Confectioners and Families generally, producing transparent ice in 20 to 30 minutes, equal to and cheaper than natural—without steam power. Suitable for all climates and easy to operate. The refrigerant consists of harmless chemicals which is evaporated after every operation.

Address: C. E. NEWMAN,
29 Maiden Lane, New York.
sept1- dec 29-dly

THE CHARTER OAK STOVES.

For sale only by

LANGFORD & McCRATH,
81 Whitehall street.
[July3-dtf]

House and Lot for Sale.

THE undersigned will sell his House and Lot on Forsyth street, between Mitchell and Hunter streets, on very moderate terms. The house contains seven rooms, and is in good repair. The lot is 50 feet front by 200 feet deep. Possession given on the 1st of October next.

JAMES T. LANKIN, Ordinary,
sept8-w6t Gwinnett Co. Ga.

CANCER! CANCER!

—DR—

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK,

Of Madison, Georgia,

Makes a specialty of treating all persons afflicted with

CANCERS, SCROFULA,

Indolent, Ulcers, etc., etc.

HE has successfully treated CANCERS for the last TWENTY YEARS, without the use of the knife or any mercurial agent. He begs to refer those afflicted to the following certificates of persons who have been cured by his treatment. They speak for themselves. The question will be asked who is Dr. Hitchcock? To all such I will answer that I was born and raised in Georgia. For all of which I feel proud. I am permanently located in Madison, Georgia.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: It gives me pleasure to give any testimony in regard to the wonderful effects produced by your Vegetable Cancer Plaster. About five years ago I became afflicted with Cancer, just above my right breast. From that time to August 1st, 1869, I had as many as ten or twelve Physicians to examine and prescribe for it, but all proved of no avail. I called on you about the first of August, 1869, and put myself under your treatment. I am happy to say that your Plaster removed the Cancer, and I am now entirely well. I cheerfully give this certificate, not for the purpose of applauding you, though I feel under lasting obligations to you for the cure, I do it for the benefit of all such as may be afflicted with this terrible malady.

FRANCIS A. CALLOWAY.
Rutledge, Ga., June 1, 1870.
Tested by Dr. J. F. JACKSON.
Dr. J. J. MONTGOMERY.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: I do hereby certify that I have had a Cancer on my angle of my jaw for fifteen years, and have applied to a number of physicians for treatment, but without success. The application of your celebrated Plaster removed the Cancer in eight days from the time of application. It has now been nearly two years since I was cured. I cheerfully give this for the benefit of the afflicted. T. P. PEACOCK.
Madison, Ga., June 1, 1870.

I do certify that I have been troubled with a Cancer on my cheek, near my under eye-lid for two years past. I applied to Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK, who applied his celebrated Cancer Plaster, and was agreeably surprised to see the Cancer come out whole, the eighth day from application; I am now well, and my face entirely healed up. I advise all persons afflicted with Cancer to give him a trial. ROBERT SHIELDS.
Madison, August 2, 1869.

I have been suffering with a Cancer of the large kind, on the back of my neck, ca led rose cancer, for the past three years. I applied to Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK, of Madison, who put a plaster on the Cancer, and, in eight days, it came out entirely. I am now well, and have been since the Cancer came out, which was last fall.

M. W. COFER.
Rutledge, Ga., September, 1868.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I am pleased to state that your Plaster has entirely cured the Cancer on my nose, which has give me so much trouble. I shall ever feel grateful to you for the success of your remedy.

Mrs. LORINA STRATTON.
Madison, Ga., May, 1870.

Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK: I am pleased to certify that I have had a large Cancer on my right arm for twenty years, and have seen and advised with numbers of Physicians, who advised me to let it alone, as they considered the Cancer too far advanced to be subdued by remedies. I heard of you and made application for treatment, as a last resort, and to my great satisfaction your Plaster has taken out the Cancer, in eight days, by the roots, and the sore is now rapidly healing, and I entertain strong hopes of a speedy recovery.

J. F. BURNS.
Edgefield Court House, S. C.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I do hereby certify that I have been afflicted sorely with Cancer for fifteen years, and have tried many Physicians, and spent a great deal of money—all to no purpose, until I called on you, in Madison, last winter. The application of your Plast r has acted like a charm. I have the Cancer now in my possession, and the sores are all healed up, except one small place, which is nearly healed. I beg to refer all persons afflicted to call on Dr. Hitchcock, at Madison, Georgia.

T. B. REESE.
Edgefield C. H., S. C., or Hamburg, South Carolina, May, 1870.

Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir—I am happy to certify that your Plaster have cured the Cancer on my face and nose, that had given me so much pain for twelve years. It appears as sound as if I never had a Cancer.

Mrs. K. B. STANTON.
Newton County, Ga., April 29, 1870—Postoffice at Social Circle, Georgia.

It affords me pleasure to state that I have witnessed a number of remarkable cures of Cancer, by the application of Dr. W. L. Hitchcock's Cancer Plaster. J. F. PATTERSON.
September, 1870. Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK'S LIVER MEDICINE.

I would also state that, in addition to my curing Cancers, I am a regular practice of medicine, and make a specialty of treating chronic diseases, especially those peculiar to females, to which, from a long experience and extensive practice, I give prompt satisfaction. I also keep a full assortment of my Family Medicines on hand of my own manufacturing, but I call your special attention to my celebrated COD LIVER FLUID EXTRACT OF STILLINGIA AND INDIAN HEMP, OR LIVER TIVE AND LIVER TONIC. It invariably relieves the following disorders: Chronic Torpidity of the Liver, Spleen, and Kidneys, Bladder. It cures Dyspepsia and Scrofula, Eruptions and Blotches of the Skin. It cures mercurial and all other affections. Some will ask, how can this one medicine cure all of these diseases. The answer is this, it is so compounded to answer all of the requirements of those symptoms, being compounded of the best and purest and most reliable Liver medicine, tonic, alteratives, diuretic and disinfectants that belongs to the vegetable kingdom. This medicine is the result of twenty years experience. I used it in my private practice for the last 20 years, and within the last 6 months I have sold over $1,000 worth of it and I have to hear of the first complaint. I claim and assert it without the fear of contradiction from any that have tried it, to be superior to any of the preparations of the day for the diseases that I recommend it for.

I have never advertised this medicine before. I have always been opposed to advertising nostrums and quack medicines, and having been persuaded, for years, by my friends, I have concluded to do so, for the good of all that may avail themselves of the benefit of it. I could give thousands of testimonials to the happy effects of this medicine, but being satisfied that it will recommend and sustain itself, and all I ask is to give it a fair and impartial trial. Take it by the direction on the bottle, and if you do not find it all, or more than I claim for it, then I will agree to stop the sale.

I put up my medicine in ONE and TWO DOLLAR bottles, to suit persons and patients.

One word more to those that are suffering with Cancers. Don't let the Doctor dishearten you, For the benefit of those who, because they can't cure you themselves, will tell you that you can't be cured.

I have been curing Cancers for twenty years, and have never failed but in one case, and that case was beyond medical aid. If you have a CANCER call and see me, and I will tell you in a half hour if I can cure you, will charge nothing for examination, and if I cure you, will be reasonable in my charges.

CERTIFICATES.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—This is to certify that my wife and daughter, Mrs. W. H. Jones, of Union Point, Ga., and our cook woman, have used your Alterative Liver Medicine, and do all cheerfully say it is the best medicine that ever was used in this section. They have entirely relieved them of their liver affection. Dr. Cleary, of Newborn, said my little grandchild, was laboring under an affection of the liver, and also was badly affected with Asthma. I learn he has been entirely relieved. Our cook woman is about the born of life, and has been suffering with diseased liver, and general debility of the whole system, together with inflammatory rheumatism. She says she is entirely cured by the use of your Medicine. I cheerfully recommend it to the public, believing it to be a good medicine.

Yours truly,
REV. W. A. FLORENCE,
Pastor of the M. E. Church, South, Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have used your Alterative and Liver Medicine, and have derived great benefit from it. Other members of my family have used it with like benefit, and I can confidently recommend it as a good remedy for the diseases you propose to relieve.

Yours,
G. M. IRWIN,
Pastor Baptist Church.
Madison, Ga., September 6, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have had the misfortune to be afflicted with a liver complaint and dyspeptic affection for the last twenty years. I have scarcely been able to eat or digest my food for years, and have tried various remedies, but found no relief until I took a course of your Alterative Medicine. I am now well and hearty. I cheerfully recommend all persons who may be afflicted with liver complaint, to give these Medicines a trial, and I am sure they will be relieved.

PHILIP SHOUSE.
Madison Ga., December, 1869.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have been laboring under a dyspepsia and liver affection for a number of years past, so much so that I had retired to bed to a more extended rest, and had commenced having the use of my jaw, which had required treatment, or rather cure, for twelve years. I commenced taking your Alterative and Liver Medicine, which has effected a permanent cure. Your Cancer Plaster does not take effect, and I am now well and hearty, and have been for two years. I recommend all persons, afflicted with the above diseases, to try it.

T. P. PEACOCK.
Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I have, for the last eight years, been afflicted with a catarrhal affection of the skin, which is generally denominated Salt Rheum and Fallen Sinews. I cheerfully recommend for me to all persons who may be thus afflicted. I find it to be all you represent it to be.

W. L. HUDSON,
Conyers, Ga.
September 2, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I have used your Cathartic Liver Medicine in my family for the last year, with the most happy results. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all those who may be afflicted with derged conditions of the liver, or any of the diseases affections, etc., I find it to be all you represent it to be.

SAMUEL PENNINGTON.
Madison, Ga., September 1, 1870.

☞ As I keep no agent, the Medicines will have to be procured at my office, or sent by express to all parts of the United States.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent minera's, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system; and banishes the languor and debility peculiar to that season of the year. It acts promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.
sept1-dsodlm

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD!

The Strictly Pure WHITE LEAD

The Daily Constitution.

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The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

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☞ The Hon. Jacob Thompson, of Mississippi, who has been spending a day or two at the Galt House, on his way home from a summer excursion in France, is the same genial, live and active man who handled the reins of the Interior Department under the Buchanan Administration. Indeed, he seems to be younger, instead of older, by ten years. Among the politicians of the South there were, and there are, very few who combined in such large degree talents for public and private business. The ex-Secretary is a rich as well as a famous man; a favorite no less with society than with the people.

He is making his home now in Memphis, retired from his official cares, but busy with legal and social engagements. Colonel Thompson is on the sunny side of sixty, has scarcely a gray hair in his head, is robust and agile, and looks as if he might live fifty years longer. A good deal of idle, ill-natured talk used to float about between Canada and Washington, during the war, concerning his operations in the former locality. Much of this was false, and all of it exaggerated. It is pleasant to know, however, that it made little or no impression upon himself or the public mind. *Courier-Journal.*

☞ An exchange says "it is the misfortune of the country that the President still has brother-in-law on the brain." Very true; but the country would have never known that misfortune if the President had half as many brains as brothers-in-law. *Courier-Journal.*

☞ The mission to England still goes a begging. We are not surprised that the President is unable to give it away, but it is certainly a matter for surprise that his extraordinary experience doesn't enable him to sell it.—*Courier-Journal.*

☞ The Massachusetts militia, of which Benjamin Butler is the Major General, had a grand parade at Concord the other day. We do not know that the chief air of the band was the Rogue's March, but the march of the Major General unquestionably was. *Courier-Journal.*

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, September 21, 3 o'clock, P. M. }

Our market is abundantly supplied with goods. Retail dealers can do well in buying their stocks here. Our merchants are liberal and honorable. They have made ample preparations for an extensive fall trade.

COTTON—Market quiet. 15 for middlings; 14¼ for low middlings; 14 for good ordinary, and 11 for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 12; selling at 1 14. Silver buying at 1 05; selling at 1 09. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 15. Rice, 10c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c. Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 15½c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 14½; Brown, 12½a14. Rio Coffee 20a24; Java 35a38. Beeswax, 33a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 38c. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 9c. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 18c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a40.

PROVISIONS—Bacon—Clear sides 19¼a20; clear rib sides 19; shoulders 16½; plain hams 22a25; canvassed 26a28.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—Stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 50; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Shirtings, ¾ 10¼; B Shirting 3-4, 8¼ 4-4 12a13; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11¼a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 14½a17½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 16; Troup, 18; Yarns, 1 50.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 19; clear rib sides 18½; shoulders 14½a15.

GRAIN—Corn, full stock; White 1 00a1 10. Wheat—red 1 00a1 10; prime white 1 30. Oats, 50a55. Rye, 1 25 in little demand. Barley—fall, 1 25.

DRY GOODS—Ailens 12; Sprague, 12; Pacific 12; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 8; Amoskeag 10; Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 16; Amoskeag D, 22; Hamilton, 28; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 57½a60; medium sound 65a75; fine sound 80a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 00a1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 5a6; nail rod, 10a13; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 50; 3s, common, 6 50; 3s, fine, 8 50. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 3a3½. Epsom salts 3½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 16 00a18 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a30c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 5 00a5 50; pints, 3 30a3 50; per gal., 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a3 00; per gal., 1 46a3 50.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; ¼ kegs $4 00; ⅛ kegs $2 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 2 75; buck, 3 00.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6¼a7½, owing to size. Live cattle on foot, choice 3½a4.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a3 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 2 00a2 25; Coach, 4 50a5 00. White lead, per lb., 9a14; do., pure, 15.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 30 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; linings skins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 6c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 55c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel, James River 4 50a5 00 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, September 21.—Cotton dull; uplands 18¼; Orleans 19¾; sales 800 bales. Flour unchanged. Wheat unsteady. Corn quiet. Pork dull at 25 00. Lard steady. Turpentine weak at 39¼. Rosin 1 90a1 95 for strained. Freights steady.

Stocks unsteady. Gold 13¾. Money 5a6. Sterling, long 9¾; short 10¾. 63's 12⅞.

LONDON, September 21.—Consols 93¾. Bonds 80¼. Common Rosin firmer.

LIVERPOOL, September 21.—Cotton dull; uplands 9¾; orleans 9¾; sales 8,000 bales.

Later—Cotton quiet; sales now estimated at 10,000. Breadstuffs firm. Pork dull. Lard firm.

Railroads.

THE
GREAT SOUTHERN
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!
VIA
ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANCE OF CARS
BETWEEN
West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,
TO
Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY
Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars
ON
All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta
BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Southern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at
Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
april11-dtf

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—:o:—

PASSENGERS DESIRING TO VISIT
ANY OF THE
Northern, Southern, Eastern,
—OR—
WESTERN CITIES
Should study well the attractions offered by the
WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,
The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

—:o:—

The Only Route from Atlanta
RUNNING A DOUBLE
DAILY THROUGH PASSENGER TRAIN,
Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

—:o:—

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

—:o:—

In addition to the
LUXURIOUS COACHES
Of the Road, there are attached to all night trains the FAR FAMED

Pullman Sleepers,

Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class Hotel.

—:o:—

There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to
Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,
Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,
Alleghany Springs,
Coyner's Springs,
Black Springs,
Warm Springs,
Little Sweet Springs,
Bedford Alum Springs,
Montvale Springs,
Benbeba Springs,
Natural Bridge, of Virginia,
Lookout Mountain,
Mammoth Cave,
Niagara Falls,
Hot Springs, of Arkansas.
And all other resorts
IN THE UNITED STATES.

—:o:—

This is the only Road in the South offering for sale Through Tickets to
Yokohama, Japan,
Hiogs, Japan,
Hong Kong, China,
Shanghai, China,
Nagasaki, China.

—:o:—

Steamers Leave San Francisco
—FOR—
CHINA AND JAPAN,
On the first day of each month.

Tickets can be purchased in all the principal cities. Baggage checked to destination and handled free. Ask for Tickets via

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

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Southern Passenger Agent.
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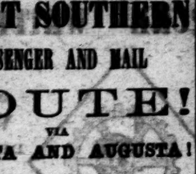

IT is well known to Doctors and to Ladies, that that Women are subject to numerous diseased peculiar to their sex, such as Suppression of the Menses, Whites, Painful or Monthly Periods, Rheumatism of the Back and Womb, Irregular Menstruation, Hemorrhage, or Excessive Flows, and Prolapsus Uteri or Falling of the Womb.

These diseases have seldom been treated successfully. The profession has sought diligently for some remedy that would enable them to treat these diseases with success.

At last that remedy has been discovered by one of the most skillful physicians in the State of Georgia. That remedy is

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

It is purely vegetable, and is put up in Atlanta, Ga., by Bradfield & Co.

It will purify the blood and strengthen the system, relieve irritation of the kidneys, and is a perfect specific for all the above diseases, as certain a cure as quinine is in Chills and Fevers.

For a history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 28, 1870.

BRADFIELD & Co., Atlanta, Georgia:

DEAR SIRS: I take pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are putting up, known as DR. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the diseases for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription, both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.

With my kindest regards, I am, respectfully,
W. H. FERRELL, M. D.

We, the undersigned Druggists, take pleasure in commending to the trade Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR—believing it to be a good and reliable remedy for the diseases for which he recommends it.

W. A. LANSDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.
PEMBERTON, WILLSON, TAYLOR & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. C. LAWSHE, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. ROOT & SON, Marietta, Georgia.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Celebrated Liver Medicine.

It is purely vegetable, and will act upon the Liver and Kidneys as promptly as Calomel and Buchu, without any danger of salivation or destruction of the bones.

Parties taking this medicine need not fear getting wet, or any other reasonable exposure.

Symptoms of Liver Disease:

Headache, Dull Feeling or the Blues, Sour Stomach, Sick or Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Bad or Bitter Taste in the Mouth, the skin has a thick, rough feeling, and is darker than usual, Costiveness, Melancholy Feelings, Cramps, Cold Feet, Colic, Dysentery, or Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, and Piles. In fact, where the Liver is out of order, you are liable to every disease that is not contagious.

Prophitt's Liver Medicine, if taken properly, will prevent and cure any disease resulting from a deranged Liver.

It will regulate its functions and thus cure all diseases caused by the failure of its healthy action.

It has been used for a great number of years, and has given universal satisfaction.

There is no brother or son claiming to have the original receipt. It is put up in both Powder and Fluid form.

FAIRBURN, GA., September 4, 1868.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT:

SIR: My wife has been an invalid for fifteen years. Doctors all agreed she had "Liver Disease." In connection with their practice she used various noted remedies, none of which seemed to do any good. Sometime ago I procured a bottle of your "Liver Medicine," of your agent here, C. A. Hartley, which being given according to directions, has effected a complete cure.

Respectfully, etc.,
GEO. L. THOMPSON.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, July 18, 1870.

MESSRS. BRADFIELD & CO.:

GENTLEMEN—Last year, during my travels in Alabama and Southwest Georgia, I contracted chills and fever, and my general health became very bad. I tried various remedies, and among others Shallenberger's Pills—all to no purpose. I was troubled with intense pain in the small of my back, and for months I did not have a moment's rest. I had well nigh despaired of recovering, when a friend recommended me to take Dr Prophitt's Liver Medicine. I did so, and one bottle has carried me, and to-day I feel like another man. I consider it one of the best medicines for general use now put up, and, without any reservation, recommend it to its full extent. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully yours, etc.,
O. M. HARRALSON.

DS. PROPHITT'S DYSENTERY CORDIAL

Is one of the most valuable compounds now put up for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, or Cholera Morbus.

This medicine has been in use for years, and gives universal satisfaction.

The most delicate child may take it with impunity.

COVINTON, GA., November 9, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Having a severe attack of Dysentery during the past summer, I was induced to use your Dysentery Cordial, and derived therefrom immediate and permanent relief. It gives me pleasure to recommend this remedy to all who may be so attacked, believing that, should the directions be followed, relief would surely be obtained.

Truly, etc., O. S. PORTER.

CUSSETA, TEXAS, 1869.

DR. PROPHITT:

DEAR SIR: Your Liver Medicine and Pain Kill It is a complete success.
J. L. WHITTLE.

PROPHITT'S
PAIN KILL IT.

This is the celebrated medicine that run Perry Davis' Pain Killer out of the market, wherever it was sold. Davis made Prophitt change the name from Pain Killer to PAIN KILL IT.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or pain of any kind, it has no equal.

For Cuts, Bruises, Burns, or old Sores, it is the best thing you can use as a dressing.

For SNAKE BITES or STINGS of POISONOUS INSECTS, it is a perfect ANTIDOTE.

It is good for Colic, Colds, Coughs, or Bowel Complaint. Its name indicates its nature fully It is truly DEATH to pain.

Manufactured and sold by BRADFIELD & CO. Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists.

NEWTON FACTORY, GA., November, 1867,

DR. PROPHITT:

Last summer my horse sprained his knee severely, causing the whole leg to swell to about twice its natural size, and rendering him almost helpless; two applications of your Anodyne Pain Kill It thoroughly cured it.
JOHN B. DAVIS.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Fever and Ague Pills.

THE best Antidote for Chills and Fever known. Cures warranted in every case or money refunded. Purely vegetable.

DR. PROPHITT'S
ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

WILL relieve Headache, Nervousness, Jaundice, and all other derangements of the Liver. Purely vegetable.

Manufactured and for sale by BRADFIELD & CO., Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists of Atlanta, Georgia, at manufacturers prices.

CERTIFICATES.

We, the undersigned, have used Dr. Prophitt's Preparations and take pleasure in recommending them to the public, as being all he claims for them:

Colonel R. J. Henderson, Covington, Ga.; O. T. Rogers, Covington, Ga.; O. S. Porter, Covington, Ga.; Prof. J. L. Jones, Covington, Ga.; M. W. Arnold, Georgia Conference; Rev. W. W. Oslin, Georgia Conference; P. W. Swann, Monticello, Ga.; Robert Barnes, Jasper county, Ga.; A. M. Robinson, Monticello, Ga.; James Wright, Putnam county, Ga.; A. W. Godfrey, Putnam county, Ga.; Judge J. Floyd, Covington, Ga.; W. L. Bethea, "Covington Enterprise;" A. H. Zachry, Conyers, Ga.; George Smith, Atlanta, Ga.; Dan Lodge, Ga.; Harry Mosely, Texas; J. Hawk Whatley, Cuseta, Texas; W. C. Roberts, Linden county, Texas; Tommey & Stewart, Atlanta, Ga.; W. A. Lansdell, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga.; R. P. Mayfield & F. Meador, S. Co., Atlanta, Ga.; Uriah Stevens, Cartersville, Ga.; A. N. Louis, Lowndes county, Ga.; Joseph Land, Telfair county, Ga.; Jas. Ash, Cartersville, Ga.; W. H. Mills, Dooly county, Ga.; W. A. Strickland, Dooly county, Ga.; John B. Davis, Newton Factory; B. F. Bass, Lowndes county.

STATE OF GEORGIA, } Know all men by
FULTON COUNTY. } these presents, That I have this day, for a consideration, sold and transferred to BRADFIELD & CO., the sole Right to manufacture and sell my Anodyne Pain Kill It, and have furnished them with the full recipes, and have authorized the said BRADFIELD & CO., to print, or have printed, anything they may see proper, in connection with the sale of my said medicine. Given under my hand and seal at Jonesboro, this 1st day of June, 1868.
D. S. PROPHITT.
[Signed] D. S. PROPHITT.
Witness: W. P. Hammond, and Ernest Crawford, Notary Public. [L. S.]
Ask for sale by all Druggists.
July13-dawly

HARDWARE
AT
Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED
&
OUR STOCK IS LARGE
STEWART.
and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
feb2-dly Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS
AND
MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 *Canal Street, New York.*

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Earles' Hotel
nov28-dly

ROSADALIS!

ROSADALIS

THE Great American Health Restorer, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book, or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution. It will give you much valuable information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleaner of the Blood I know no better remedy.

Samue' G. McFadden, Murfreesboro', Tenn., says:

I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; a short time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore.

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.,
Proprietors.
L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga., sells Rosadalis at Proprietors rates. may 1-dly

Chattahoochee House,
WEST POINT, GA.

THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now better prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.

☞ The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

may22-dtf W. L. WILLIAMS.

A NEW DISCOVERY!!
PHALON'S
"VITALIA;"
OR,
Salvation for the Hair.
CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!
For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia ☜ is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications, according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
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feb13—dtf

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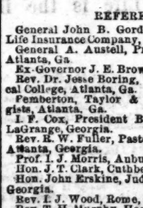

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